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ONE CENT  
ONE WORD  
ONE ISSUE  
THE COLONIST.

# The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST  
selected stock of  
Chemicals and Toilet Articles  
in the Province  
AT  
CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE,  
COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.  
AN INSPECTION INVITED.

VOL LXXIII.—NO. 84.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA WEDNESDAY MARCH 20 1895.

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

## GOOD REPAIRING

Lasts longer than flimsy work. We are always particular to do good work.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

47 Government Street, opp. Bank of B.C.

## THE "ORIGINAL" PACKAGE TEA.

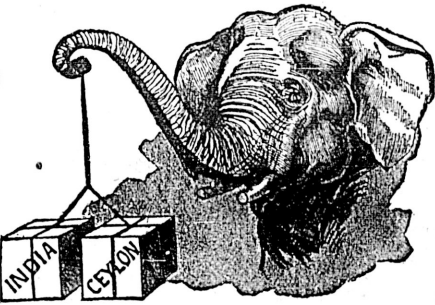
JOSEPH  
TETLEY  
& CO'S

IN LEAD PACKETS.

Fragrant! Delicious!

THREE QUALITIES:

Gold Label .... \$1.00 per lb.  
Yellow Label .. 70 "  
Green Label ... 50 "



RETAILED BY ALL GROCERS.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

## THE LATEST OUT.

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"BERYLINE"  
WASHING  
POWDER.  
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Simon Leiser & Co.,

1 YATES ST., VICTORIA. WHOLESALE GROCERS.

## FOR SALE.

SALMON BELLIES in Half Barrels and Kits.  
SALMON (NIMPKISH) in Cases, Barrels and Hf. Barrels.  
CLAMS (ALERT BAY) in Cases and Half Cases.  
OOLACHANS in Kits and Half Kits.  
CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER in Small Kegs.

A GENERAL STOCK OF GROCERIES AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

THOMAS EARLE, WHARF STREET, CITY.

BUY

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S

WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef...  
Roast Beef...  
Lunch Tongues.  
Etc., etc.

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.

## PEOPLE WANT GOOD MILK

IF THEY ONLY KNOW WHERE TO GET IT.

"Reindeer Brand"

CONDENSED MILK

Recommended by the Highest Medical Analysts.



TRY the German pain and rheumatic cure

for cramps, chills, colic, diarrhoea, dysentery, and all bowel complaints, bruises, sprains, rheumatism, neuralgia, colds. We have received over a dozen testimonials during the past week from people in Victoria who have suffered with rheumatism for years, some have been confined to their beds for weeks, and after using two 60 cent bottles of the German pain and rheumatic cure and \$1.00 worth of the powder are perfectly cured. This is a positive fact; and hundreds of people suffering to-day can be cured by trying this valuable remedy. Ask your dealers for it, and take no other; and be sure to get the powder as well as the bottle. For sale at Langley & Co., wholesale druggists. Write us for circulars and further particulars. Bentley & McGregor sole manufacturers, cor. Government and Bay streets, Victoria. feb-1m

Drink Victoria-Phoenix Lager Beer.

## LAYRITZ'S NURSERY.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,  
Roses, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Etc.

Large stock of healthy plants, without insect pests. Send for descriptive price list at once or come and see for yourself.

R. LAYRITZ,  
mrs-dlm-w2b Carey Road, Victoria, B.C.

PERSONAL—George Sinclair, formerly of Malpeque, P.E.I., is requested to call at or communicate with the Colonist office without delay.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWEET MARIE—Please write to T., making an appointment for Sunday night. m20 2b

FIDDLE STICKS and Fiddle Strings—We are prepared to supply violin players with a first class string; also patent violin bows and all fittings for musical instruments. See our new stock of Violins, Banjos, Accordions, Mandolins, Flageolots, Harmonicas, Flutes, Guitars, etc., etc. Sheet Music, Bush & Gert's and Kronger's high grade Pianos. T. W. FLETCHER, 47 Fort street. m20 1t

LOST—A pair of eyeglasses between Wharf street and Outer Wharf. Finder please return to Colonist office. m20-1t

NOTICE—For Sale—Loam, sand, gravel and manure: plying done at reasonable rates. Inquire 115 Fort street or 222 Yates street. m20-1b

PERSONAL ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO THE PREPARATION OF PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS. JOHN COCHRANE, PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST, COR. YATES AND DOUGLAS STS.



STANDARD BEARERS { THOMAS EARLE, E. G. PRIOR.

## The Macdonald Club

will hold their regular weekly meeting at Adelphi Hall, corner Government and Yates streets.

TO-NIGHT (WEDNESDAY) AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Members of the Liberal Conservative Party, and their friends, will be welcomed, and young men who have not already done so are invited to sign the roll. There will be a programme of Music and Addresses after the business is disposed of. J. D. TAYLOR, Secretary. m20

## PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, 37 AND 39 YATES ST.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

## AUCTION SALE

At New Salesrooms, 37 and 39 YATES STREET, Next door to Bank of British North America.

Thursday, March 21st, at 11 o'clock

We will sell by order of parties leaving the city,

## FURNITURE

Bedroom sets complete, lounges, chairs, tables, splendid cooking stove (wood or coal), heating stove, cooking utensils, carpet, quilts, blankets, lace and chenille curtains, lamps, crockery, etc.

Also Underwear, Neckties, Hats, Towels, Table Cloths, etc. Also Wines, Brandy, Liquors and Cigars, Etc.

Terms at sale. PLINY E. DAVIS & CO., Auctioneers. m20

## TO THE ELECTORS

—OF THE—  
Vancouver Island Electoral District

GENTLEMEN,—

At the request of a large number of the Liberal Conservative Electors from the different parts of this District, I again hereby announce myself as a candidate in the interests of the Liberal Conservative Party at the coming Election.

Yours very respectfully,  
Nanaimo, March 18, 1895. A. HASLAM. m20

## NOTICE.

Having sold the North-West Produce Co., all bills contracted for by me up to February 27th, 1895, can be presented to me at the undermentioned place for payment, and all bills due up to that date are payable to me.

L. A. ROSTER, With Pliny E. Davis & Co., 37 and 39 Yates street. m20 3t

## IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE



Lowest Rates and Best Service.

THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY IN AMERICA.

Unsurpassed Dining Car Service.

Through First-class Sleeping Cars to St. Paul and Montreal daily, without change.  
Through Tourist Sleepers to St. Paul daily, without change.  
Through Tourist Sleepers to Montreal and Boston every Wednesday, without change.  
Through Tourist Sleepers to Toronto every Sunday, without change.

For rates and full information apply to  
GEO. McL. BROWN, GEO. L. COURTNEY,  
Dist. Pass. Agent, Agent,  
Vancouver, Victoria.

New Advertisements Continued on Page Eight.

## CANADIAN NEWS.

Imposing Ceremonies at the Consecration of Archbishop Langevin at Winnipeg.

Hyams Brothers' Story Shown to Be Impossible—Disgraced Students—Ice Boating Accident.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

### Consecration of an Archbishop.

WINNIPEG, March 19.—Rev. Louis Langevin was finally consecrated Archbishop of St. Boniface this morning in the presence of all the prominent Catholic clergy of the West and many of the dignitaries from the East. Archbishop Fabre, of Montreal, was the officiating prelate of the day. Rev. Father Drummond read the papal bill. Archbishop Beila of Quebec preached the sermon, and the deacon and sub-deacon who waited upon the consecrating bishop were the Rev. Father Langevin, brother of the archbishop, and Rev. Father Godwin, superior of Oblate Fathers, of Montreal. Among the other prominent clerics present were, Archbishop Duhamel, Ottawa; Archbishop Grandin, St. Albert; Bishop Lafleche, Three Rivers; Bishop Gravelle, Nicolet; Bishop Gabrielle, Ogdensburg; Bishop Emond, Valleyfield; Bishop Desjardins, St. Hyacinthe; Canon Baril, Three Rivers; Canons Bruchise and Racicot, Montreal; Canon Beaudry, St. Hyacinthe; Rev. Father LeFebvre and Rev. Mallett, Montreal; Father Guillard, O.M.I., Lowell, Mass.; Rev. Goffree, C.S.V., Montreal; Rev. Father Langevin, Montreal, brother of Archbishop; Rev. Lamariche, representing Archbishop of Toronto, and upwards of one hundred others. Booming of cannon announced the conclusion of the ceremony, and the Archbishop and his party on leaving the cathedral repaired to the Provencher academy for lunch. In the afternoon the new Archbishop visited St. Mary's church, where he was welcomed by the Catholics of Winnipeg. This evening he was entertained by the students of St. Boniface college.

### Customs Officer Dead.

SHERBROOKE, March 19.—Customs collector Perry is dead.

### Cardinal Taschereau.

QUEBEC, March 19.—Cardinal Taschereau to-day celebrated the twenty-fourth anniversary of his consecration as bishop. His eminence, who is in good health, attended early mass this morning, and subsequently held a levee, which was attended by hundreds of members of the clergy and citizens.

### The Insolvent Brokers.

MONTREAL, March 19.—Meredith & O'Brien, stock brokers, have filed a statement of their liabilities in court. The total shown is \$75,000. The Quebec bank is the largest creditor, being interested to the extent of \$40,000.

### Incidents of Ice-Boating.

KINGSTON, March 19.—During the ice-boat races Cornelius Millan, proprietor of the Thousand Islands house, had his leg broken, and Martin Walsh, a ten year old lad, received severe injuries by being struck with a skate.

### The Fire Record.

BEAVERTON, March 19.—The Dion block, in which were eight shops, and two adjoining buildings owned by John Cameron and Duncan McRae, were destroyed by fire in a high wind to-day.

YARMOUTH, N.S., March 19.—The Globe hotel was unroofed by fire early yesterday. KINGSTON, March 19.—Three dwelling houses and boat houses were consumed by fire at Barriefield this morning. The losses amount to about \$3,000.

### A Bereaved Soldier.

QUEBEC, March 19.—The two young Smiths reported to have been found dead in a shanty along the Sagadahew river are believed to be the sons of Sergeant John Smith of the military stores department at the citadel.

### Students Disgraced.

KINGSTON, March 19.—Four students of Queen's University connected with the recent theft of books have received their punishment. Two have been expelled, one suspended for the remainder of the present term, and the other reprimanded.

### Adopted by the Liberals.

CHATHAM, N.B., March 19.—The Liberal convention yesterday unanimously nominated Hon. Peter Mitchell to oppose Hon. Michael Adams for the Commons.

### Hyams Brothers Trial.

TORONTO, March 19.—The preliminary trial of the Hyams brothers for the murder of H. C. Wells was resumed yesterday afternoon. Messrs. Welland and Goach, counsel for the prisoners, having arrived from New York. The first witness, John Thompson, deposed that when the weight was on the hook it could not come off. He was a sailmaker by trade and had repaired the warehouse elevator. Undertaker Humphrey gave evidence at considerable length describing the scene and injuries to Wells when he arrived.

### Reverse for the Patrons.

CANUGA, March 19.—The by-election in Haldimand county to-day for a member of the Ontario legislature resulted in the return of ex-Speaker Baxter by 400 majority over Senn, the Patron of Industry candidate, by whom he was defeated at the last general election.

### THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

A Remedial Order Now Being Drafted by a Sub-Committee of Council.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 19.—A sub-committee of the council consisting of Hon. Messrs. Foster, Angers and Montague were at work last evening and this morning drafting a remedial order in the matter of the Manitoba school question, with Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper's report as the basis of their operations. They completed their task and

it is understood that the order will be signed by His Excellency and forwarded by mail to-morrow afternoon.

## TORONTO TOPICS.

A Royal Commission at the Request of University Students—Fire Chief's Family Relieved.

TORONTO, March 19.—(Special)—Rev. Mr. Davis, bursar of Trinity college, is dead.

The students of Toronto University having asked for a government investigation into the recent troubles at the university, which resulted in a wholesale boycott by students of all lectures for nearly two weeks, the Ontario government has appointed a royal commission to inquire into the matter. Chief Justice Taylor, of Manitoba, will be the chairman, and other members are ex-Judge Kingsmill, of Bruce county; Judge Senkler, of Lincoln; Prof. John Campbell, Presbyterian college, and B. L. Britton, Q.C., of Kingston. The commission meets on April 8.

The city fire and light committee has voted one year's salary to the widow of Fire Chief Ardagh, who lost his life from injuries received at the recent Globe fire.

John F. Howden, a printer, who stole Trinity medical college examination papers, was sent to jail for a month, William Terry, his accomplice, being discharged.

The World's Ottawa special says: "Despite local talk in favor of a session, knowing ones insist that an election is more than probable."

### FOUR HUNDRED DROWNED.

Wreck of the Missing Spanish Warship Discovered—No Trace of the Crew.

MADRID, March 19.—The missing warship Reina Regent has been found near the Straits of Gibraltar. The ship had sunk in shoal water and lies half submerged.

CADIZ, March 19.—The Spanish cruiser Alfonso arrived here this morning. She found the Reina Regent at Balfo Acotunos, where she had sunk. Only about eighteen inches of her masts were visible above the surface of the water. The cruiser has returned to the scene of the wreck with divers. It is believed all of the crew of the Reina Regent has been lost. Not a single survivor has been reported as having arrived at any port nor has a single body been found that could be identified as that of the officers or crew of the lost ship. Divers will be sent down by the Alfonso for the purpose of removing the bodies from the sunken ship. The last seen of the cruiser before she foundered was when she was being buffeted by a severe storm. She had lost her bridge and smokestack and appeared to be unmanageable. Some time ago it was discovered that she was top heavy, and to remedy this the position of some of her guns was changed, but there were those who thought that even with this change she would not weather a very severe storm. It is probable that the weather was too rough to allow the crew to reach shore after she foundered. Her crew number 400 officers and men.

### NATIONAL BANK SUSPENDS.

Depositors Will Not Lose but the Stockholders Will Fare Poorly.

KANSAS CITY, March 19.—With assets estimated at \$1,880,000 and liabilities at \$1,050,000, the National Bank of Kansas City has suspended and will liquidate and go out of business. Since the publication of the bank's statement on March 5, depositors have been withdrawing their deposits, and on Saturday evening it was apparent to the officers of the bank that they could not carry on business unless the clearing house came to their assistance with a loan. A meeting of the Clearing House Association was called, which was attended by the directors of the National Bank of Kansas City. President Chiock said: "We paid out over \$80,000 and saw that we could not meet further demands unless something was done. We needed about \$600,000 to put us in good standing. Some of the banks were anxious to help us, but the feeling was not general and we consequently declined the assistance. The Bank of Commerce offered to help us but we had decided to suspend so as to pay all depositors alike, and no person will have an advantage. Every depositor will be paid in full and no one will lose a cent. We will endeavor to have a settlement just as soon as possible."

A prominent member of the Kansas City clearing association said: "The liquidation of the National Bank of Kansas City in no wise affects the other banks of this city. That the bank would have to liquidate sooner or later has been known for some time. When the bank failed on July 15, 1893, during the panic, it was doubtful then whether or not it would reopen again. The probable assets of the bank are close to \$2,000,000, but owing to the fact that much of this is represented by paper and real estate, it will be very slow for collection. In fact, the closing of the bank can hardly be termed a failure, but simply a gradual dying out. There is but little doubt that the depositors will receive dollar for dollar with interest for their money, although it may be some time before they get their pay." The current opinion expressed among bankers and others who have information on the matter fixes the amount that will be realized by stockholders at from 25 to 40 per cent. on their holdings of stock. Cashier Rule, of the Bank of Commerce, said that telegrams had been sent out by his bank to the country banks who have been customers of the National Bank of Kansas City, informing them that all drafts on the suspended bank would be honored by the National Bank of Commerce. He is also notifying the wholesale merchants of this city that this bank will honor their checks if they so desire.

Bank Examiner Galdreth was appointed temporary receiver. The capital stock of the bank is \$1,000,000, with assets at face value amounting to nearly \$2,000,000, of which \$170,000 is cash on hand and due from other banks.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Garden syringes at Cheapide

A nice line of white counterpanes, table linen, dinner napkins, etc., to be seen at Weller Bros.

## A SOLID FRONT.

Liberal Conservatives Have But One Opinion as to Who Should Be Their Candidates.

Messrs. Earle and Prior the Unanimous Choice of a Splendid Convention.

The wisdom of the selection of the new hall of the A. O. U. W. as the meeting place of the Liberal-Conservative nominating convention was abundantly manifest last evening, when both floor and galleries of that splendid chamber were filled with a thoroughly representative gathering of the electors of Victoria city and district. Their purpose was the choice of the men most acceptable to the party as their standard bearers in the approaching election of members of the House of Commons. Admission was by card of membership in either the senior Liberal-Conservative Association or the Macdonald Club, shown at the door, and each person on entering was supplied with a ballot paper, which, however, was soon found not to be called for.

By invitation the members present of the Senate and House of Commons and the office-bearers of the association occupied seats upon the platform, while the presiding officer was Mr. E. Crow Baker, president of the Liberal-Conservative Association.

The Chairman opened the proceedings by reading the call for the convention, and the rule admitting to it only duly enrolled members of the senior association or of the Macdonald Club, and requested all others who might be in the hall to retire. Five or six persons thereupon went out, and the business proceeded, the Secretary reading the rules to govern the convention. The Chairman then announced that nominations were in order.

Mr. Edward A. Lewis nominated Lieut.-Col. E. G. Prior, M.P., as one of the candidates, and this being seconded by Mr. W. P. Winesby, the mover proceeded to address the convention in support of his resolution. He spoke in eloquent terms of the progress of the Dominion under the policy of protection which the present representatives of this constituency have supported, and in the belief that these representatives have done their best he felt no hesitation in making the nomination. (Applause.) He hoped Col. Prior would be the choice of the convention, so that following the election which would certainly result he might have a chance of promotion to a cabinet office, which he would worthily fill. (Great applause.)

Mr. D. R. Ker read the nomination of Mr. Thomas Earle, M.P., by Mr. R. P. Rihet, M.P.P., who he explained was unfortunately unable to attend, having had to leave this evening for San Francisco. He agreed with what had been said by Mr. Lewis as to the faithful efforts of our representatives during the past five years, and he also agreed that our members should be men of such standing in parliament that if the Dominion government does, as seems probable, determine to give British Columbia representation in the cabinet, Victoria may be fortunate enough to be represented by the new minister. (Applause.) He briefly reviewed the progress of the country during the past seven years, and contrasted the vague promises of the untitled if silver-tongued Laurier with the able and practical administration which he tries so hard though ineffectually to displace. (Applause.)

Mr. Napoleon Sabin seconded the nomination of Mr. Earle. (Applause.) There being no further nominations, the Chairman, after some time had elapsed, declared Col. Prior and Mr. Earle to be the unanimous choice of the convention. After the enthusiastic demonstration which greeted this announcement had subsided, the first nominee was called upon for an address. Before he proceeded, however, the Chairman said he had been reminded of an unintentional omission of one formality—a standing vote upon the candidates. He asked all those who pledged themselves to support the two gentlemen just named, Messrs. Earle and Prior, to stand up—and every man in the hall promptly rose.

Col. Prior then went on with his address, expressing his pride at this mark of confidence on the part of the Liberal-Conservatives of Victoria, whom he assured that should be his good fortune to be elected as he expected (great applause) he would do his best to show their choice to have been a wise one. For seven years he had represented Victoria at Ottawa, supporting the Liberal-Conservative policy—the same ever since the year 1878, under the grand old chieftain Sir John Macdonald (applause), under Sir John Abbott, and latterly under Sir John Thompson. While our opponents loudly declare that this policy has wrought ruin to the country, all the facts point in an opposite direction. Statistics, which he read, exhibited a striking comparison between the condition of Canada in 1878 and in 1895, the imports, exports, bank circulation, savings banks deposits, all showing a marvellous increase, while the same has been the case with respect to railway and steamboat traffic and the business of the post office. These statistics show how far from the truth is the cry of the opposition that ruin has been stalking through the land. (Hear, hear.) The bank returns, compiled by those institutions themselves, showed a steady decline during the sad regime of Sir Richard Cartwright and his colleagues, and in striking contrast a steady increase since they had been displaced, notwithstanding that in many other countries the reverse has been the case. (Hear, hear.) He read from the Financial News, a paper published in free trade England, a statement that only her protective policy secured the credit of Canada from collapse during the recent panic in America. To illustrate the proud place occupied by Canada in the money market, he referred to the high price at which the last Dominion loan was issued, and the fact that the applications for the securities were five times the amount of the issue. (Applause.) He dwelt upon the efforts of the Liberal-Conservative party to provide means of transportation and communication throughout Canada, along our coasts, and on the sea. (Applause.) Their opponents have no record of progress, and their avowed policy of "free trade as they have it in England"—upon which Mr. Laurier has staked his fortune after having tried everything else

Continued on Page Eight.



## NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

**Better Freight Quotations for Lumbermen—Reported Liquor Irregularities—Theatre Guarantee.**

**Cement Works Have Good Prospects—Operations of the Trail Creek Camp.**

(Special to the Colonist.)

## VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 19.—H. Abbott, divisional superintendent, C.P.R., has returned from his annual trip East. Mr. Abbott says that work will be continued this year on the Onderdonk section; substantial construction work, shown to be necessary by the effect of the recent high water on C.P.R. property, will also be carried on.

Rev. Mr. McLaren left for the East yesterday; his mission is to consult the assembly committee of the Presbyterian church with a view of getting more aid for home mission work in this province.

Cassidy & Co. have chartered a bark to load lumber for Southern California. Mr. Cassidy says that prices were no better in lumber, but that with few exceptions the mills were busy. The C.P.R. had been encouraging the mill owners as much as was in their power by reducing the rate on fire to the East \$2.50 per thousand; this put them on the same footing as the Sound, and they were now able to quote the same prices as the Sound lumbermen.

Manager Kent, of the Telephone company, has been engaged for some time in devising a scheme by which a diver could be telephoned to satisfactorily enough to do away with the plan of signalling by rope or writing on a slate. On Sunday diver Llewellyn tried the invention, with the result that the experiment proved fairly successful. Mr. Llewellyn's answers could be heard very distinctly, but as the wire was run down the air pipe the hissing noise occasioned by the air being pumped into the helmet rendered the conversation from above very indistinct.

The St. Patrick's society gave their annual dinner last night. The gathering was large and representative. President J. O'Brien presided.

The International Cold Storage Company have placed an ice-making machine in their premises. They promise to be ready for business by the first of the month.

Saloon keepers may continue to shield their customers from the curious gaze of the public by blinds and frosted windows; a by-law to compel saloons to give a clear view of the bar from the streets has been defeated by the licensing board. The number of hotel licenses has been reduced from 53 to 48. It was reported at the board meeting yesterday that six retail stores were selling liquor by the glass. The inspector was instructed to "pull" these shops.

The light committee of the council are considering the advisability of charging a license of \$25 to electric lightmen in answer to the request of several electrical engineers of the city.

Mr. Evan Thomas, manager of the opera house, waited on the council last night and asked them to in some way assist him in his efforts to keep the opera house open. A committee was appointed to devise some means of enabling Mr. Thomas to keep the opera house open. One hundred and thirty citizens have already guaranteed one dollar a month.

There were forty applications for the position of fireman presented to the council last night owing to a vacancy in the fire department.

The sixteen sailors of the ship Olivebank, who refused duty because they were not allowed a portion of money due on wages, were allowed to go, the punishment of one night in the cells being considered sufficient.

The Court of Revision concluded its labors to-day.

The topic of conversation in military circles is the coming smoker concert. The programme is an exceptionally good one, the chief feature being the tug-of-war between Company 5, Vancouver, and Company 4, Westminster.

In an interview with Mr. Spicer, prominent in shingle circles, the COLONIST correspondent was informed that the shingle business is in much better condition than last year. There are no heavy stocks on hand in the province, the demand for shingles is improving, and there are indications that prices will advance. On the Sound stocks are also very light, but in the East there are yet several heavy stocks of white cedar and pine shingles. The small "Jack-knife" mills still continue to worry the big ones; they send out circulars, shaving prices to the lowest notch, and the consumers quoting these shaved prices to the large manufacturers, write "send us shingles at these prices or none at all." It is the small concerns that hold the whip hand in the shingle business, as they do in the lumber business to a less extent.

The B. C. Cooperage Company have not been very busy for months past, but they claim that the spring trade is opening up nicely, and the indications are that they will have all the business they can attend to during the coming summer. The company are now supplying firms in the Orient with tea chests, one thousand going forward by the last boat.

The C.P.R. cement works are running full time, manufacturing cement for use in building culverts, etc. along the line. The manager, Mr. Warsup, who has had a life experience in making cement, tested an inch block to ascertain the power of resistance, the block did not part until 500 pounds strain was put upon it; the same cement when newly manufactured parted at 400 pounds, so that it rapidly improves with age. Mr. Warsup says there is no finer clay in the world than is found in this province; that in the vicinity of Victoria there is prime pottery clay, and even small quantities of china clay, while the brick clay is of the very finest quality. Plaster of Paris, he said, could be manufactured here at \$1 a barrel—while \$5 a barrel is now being paid for an imported article not a bit better than could be made here. He could guarantee good profits from a cement, plaster of Paris and brick manufactory established in Victoria, where all the materials are so handy, with a capital of \$50,000, provided suitable machinery necessary for the treatment of B. C. clay and limestone were put in.

Mr. Foreman and Capt. Anderson are candidates for school trustee.

## WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, March 19.—On Monday next Crane and Russell the two men who obstructed the special river police in their duties, will come up for trial; the charge is threatening to assault. The men were fishing for sturgeon with illegal gear and objected to the interference of the police. Besides those mentioned, Stead, Chalk and Kearley were also caught. They were fishing with gear that had before been seized

and looked up, the warehouse having been broken into and the gear stolen.

Warden Moreby, of the jail has written to the council that Victoria supplies its jail with water very much cheaper than Westminster charges, and asking for a reduction.

A committee has been appointed by the council to devise some way of decreasing the fire limits so that idle property may be brought into use.

The river is now dotted with boats, owing to the removal of the mesh restrictions.

Mr. Forth has passed 60 recruits for the new B.C.B.G.A. company. Considerable enthusiasm prevails, and it is expected there will be great rivalry in the future between the Vancouver and Westminster companies.

The inspector of fisheries has issued 110 licenses to fish for salmon; the old nets with seven and eleven-sixteenth inch mesh are being used.

## NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, March 19.—In the special assize to-day the grand jury threw out the Veare clopment case. The case against Molnes & Molnes, for compounding a quit tam action against J. P. Planta, occupied all day. In the evening the jury retired. At the end of one and one-half hours they reported six for and six against, and were sent back by Justice Drake. There seemed but little chance of an agreement.

## ALBERNI.

ALBERNI, March 13.—Mr. Andrew Ohlson and Mr. R. M. Palmer, from the Provincial Board of Horticulture visited Alberni this week and held a meeting in the Alberni hotel on Monday forenoon. Although only short notice had been given of the meeting over twenty were present to hear what these gentlemen had to say on fruit growing. Mr. H. Guilford, J.A., was called to the chair. Mr. Ohlson spoke on fruit growing generally, urging strongly the necessity of under-draining the land as he believed much of the non-success in fruit growing arose from the cold and wet condition of the soil where the trees were planted. He also spoke on the necessity of seeing that good healthy trees were got to start with, as much worthless rubbish was sold by itinerant tree peddlars. Pruning was next dealt with. He explained how young trees especially should be treated, and after the meeting was over gave object lessons in pruning in some of the orchards near by, which was much appreciated by those present. Mr. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, confined himself to that topic principally in his address, prefacing with some remarks with regard to mistaken ideas prevailing as to the functions of the Board of Horticulture, and explaining that its main object was to help fruit growers to help themselves by educating them as to the various pests that have to be combated, and furnishing all the necessary information as to spraying, etc., etc. He described the various pests to which fruit trees were subject, and gave particulars of the washes recommended by the board and the time and mode of application. As the close a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the gentlemen for their addresses. It was arranged by those present that another meeting should be held in about a fortnight, and all those interested in fruit culture invited, that the formation of a local association might be discussed, the benefit of such an association being strongly urged by Mr. Palmer. Several orchards were afterwards visited, the delegates leaving the following morning.

## TRAIL CREEK.

(From the Spokane Miner.)

At the Josie a strike of two feet of rich ore is reported.

Sufficient work is being done on the St. Lawrence and Jack of Spades to enable the owners to take out crown grants.

The Nickle Plate is widening out and yielding \$70 to \$120 ore, justifying its earned reputation as one of the best properties in camp.

The road between Roseland and Trail Landing is now very soft, and no ore is coming out from the War Eagle or Le Roi at present, but mining and development are going on as briskly as ever, and the ore is being piled for shipment when the road opens.

On the face of the west drift at the War Eagle three parties of drillers are at work, from which the width of the body of ore can be inferred. The new tunnel or the 112 foot level is in 30 feet and follows the cropping of the lead. An offer of \$1,000,000 is said to have recently been made for this mine and refused.

At the O. K. quite a new development has taken place. About thirty feet from the end of the tunnel a big chamber has been blown out, and has yielded an immense block of free gold quartz. An uprise is being driven in two feet of this ore and the mill is running continuously stamping out the gold.

Dan Hughes of the O. K. mine has some rare specimens of gold ore. One lump is estimated to carry the precious metal at the rate of \$150,000 to the ton. Of course it is not contended that these are samples of the lead, but Mr. Hughes states that in the breast of the tunnel, in a steep hill, and 145 feet below the surface, they have 14 inches to three feet of good milling ore, along the full length of the tunnel. The owners have a five-stamp mill and every few weeks send down a brick to the Spokane market. Mr. Hughes having brought on his last trip one that weighed \$3,000. Miners regard the O. K. as one of the most promising mines in the Trail creek district.

The concentrator of the Slokan milling company, located about one and one-half miles below Three Forks, has been running for the past three weeks and now works like a charm, except for the scarcity of water, a drawback which is being remedied. In the experimental run 500 tons of Alamo ore was run through, yielding 200 tons of concentrates, averaging 160 ounces of silver and 72 per cent. lead. In less than a year since the arrival of Captain N. W. Moore, who is at the head of all the Duluth syndicates operating here, they have acquired title to over \$500,000 worth of mining property, consisting in part of the Ivanhoe and Elgin, the Idaho mines of which George W. Hughes owns one-third, the Alamo and St. John, and last the Cumberland. Outside of this is the magnificent new concentrator of 100 tons daily capacity, which cost, for superstructure, machinery, etc., \$30,000.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

## Quick Time to the East.

The Great Northern train now leaves Seattle at 6 p. m., and arrives in St. Paul at 5.55 p. m. This change in the time card puts Victorians 20 hours nearer St. Paul, Chicago, New York, etc., and passengers have only to lay over at Seattle 1 hour now.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. E. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street.

**Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Stations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.**

## WANTS.

**WANTED**—A young man desires work on a farm, had experience. Address L. Colonist office. m19-2t

**WANTED**—A good quiet pony. Apply to J. W. Meldrum, Douglas street. m19-4t

**WANTED**—To rent or purchase cheap small house in or near city of Victoria. Apply H. H. Colonist office. m19-2t

**WANTED**—To purchase small boat eight feet, with sail and fittings. Apply H. H. Colonist office. m19-2t

**WANTED**—By a Swiss man, a situation on milk ranch, a first class milker. Apply D. S. Colonist office. m19-2t

**WANTED**—An experienced lady wishes situation as housekeeper or cook; good references. No. 1 Phoenix Place. m19-2t

**WANTED**—Young woman for general housework, must be good cook. Apply to 76 Chatham street. m19-2t

**WANTED**—Situation by a practical baker and confectioner, also understands camp and plain cooking. Apply by letter, to F. W. Johnston, City. m19-6t

**BOOK-KEEPING**—Books opened, posted, balanced; errors detected; book-keepers assisted; books kept and accounts made out for merchants not requiring regular book-keeping; terms reasonable; references. Export, Colonist office. ja5

**WANTED**—An experienced accountant is prepared to post and balance up books, make out and collect accounts, open up new sets, or do any office work; first-class references. Address J. P. Colonist office. do22

## TO LET OR LEASE.

**TO LET**—For single gentlemen, two sunny rooms, sitting and bedroom, or bedroom and dressing room. Upper Fort street, on car line. Address R., this office. m19-18t

**TO LET**—Five-roomed cottage at Oak Bay \$8 per month; 8 roomed brick house, Cadboro Bay Road, \$15 per month; 120 acres good house, 8 rooms and improvements, \$25 per year. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

**TO LET**—For the summer season or longer, the Maple Bay House, Maple Bay, with about 2 acres fruit bearing orchard, and 160 acres sheep run, if wanted. This is the finest and most desirable place on the Island for anyone seeking health or pleasure, nice beach, fine fishing, good shooting, etc. Apply at the Alderlea, Duncan, Wm. Beaumont. m19-10t

**ROOMS AND BOARD** for one or two gentlemen, within five minutes' walk from post office. Address C., Colonist office. m19-5

**TO RENT**—Seven-roomed modern house, all conveniences; one room rented to a doctor, which reduces rent; five minutes from post office. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government St. m19-10t

**FOR RENT**—Nicely furnished large front room, with bow window, on lower floor. Apply 66 Has street. m19-10t

## FOR SALE.

**TO BE SOLD** within one month, 70 acres good farming land, 50 fenced and under crop, 3 mile creek, 1 mile river, with dwelling, outbuildings, furniture, tools, boat, fishing nets, 2 cows. For particulars address J. B. Johnson, 30 Humboldt street, or to J. Goodman, on the premises. m19-10t

**FOR SALE**—A mare, road cart and harness; mare perfectly quiet, and goes under saddle; price \$150. Further particulars apply A. H. G., this office. m19-10t

**FOR SALE**—Piano in good condition, \$75 cash. 125 Cook street, near Fort. m19-2t

**FOR SALE**—Poultry and fruit farm, 51 acres good land, all clear, new buildings; near city, \$1000, easy terms. J. Temple, 1231 Oswego street, city. m19-10t

**MONEY TO LOAN** on Victoria real estate. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

**FOR SALE**—The Alderlea Hotel and outbuildings, also six lots, 60x120. The Alderlea is an old and well established hotel, and with the outbuildings, barns, etc., covers about 2 lots; the vacant lots are directly opposite the station at Duncan's, and the best site in Duncan's for a large store, or store and hotel, as they would catch nearly all railroad and passenger traffic. The owner has worked hard since 1882 and wants to retire. For terms etc., apply on the premises, to owner and proprietor, Wm. Beaumont. do21

**FOR SALE OR TO LEASE**, 330 acres in Oyster District, 20 acres clear, 10 acres slashed, fenced, creek, good land with exception of 30 acres; 100 fruit trees, and 200 small, water in garden, with 7-roomed house, kitchen and bath; water laid in stable, barn 40x60, 3 chicken houses, workshop; railway 400 feet from house, good road; 4 mile from school. Price \$15 per acre, or \$2000 for a term of years at \$100 per acre of rent will be taken in improvements; lessee to purchase stock valued at about \$600.

**MONEY TO LEND** on good security.

## SWINERTON &amp; ODDY.

Accountants, Agents and Notaries Public, 110 Government street. Telephone 491. P.O. Box 631.

## READ THIS.

**FOR SALE OR LEASE** ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS,

## A Magnificent Farm

Of rich black soil, situated on Lulu Island, North Arm Fraser River, B.C., being composed of west halves of Lots 12 and 13 and part of 1, Block 4 North Range 7 West, 200 acres, more or less; over one-half under good cultivation, mostly in meadow, the balance having been ploughed once or twice and yielding an abundance of grass for stock; has a very large barn house and orchard of good bearing trees, all well fenced with stakes and boards; all well dyked and ditched, and about two-thirds well underdrained; is six or seven miles from the City of Vancouver; good roads, with stages to and from Vancouver; the river at the door teems with salmon, and has excellent shooting for ducks, geese and snipe; also pheasants in the near future; good school and churches near by; climate lovely and scenery simply charming. We particularly wish to sell out, but failing which, shall leave to party with sufficient capital to work the place. Price \$100,000. For further particulars apply to J. H. TODD, SON, owners, Victoria, B.C., or to Messrs. Rand Bros., Vancouver. do27

## FOR SALE.

BARAINS IN WELL LOCATED VACANT LOTS, HOUSES, ETC., TO WIND UP SYNDICATE ACCOUNT.

—Five Lots, Victoria West, clear, good soil, dry and conveniently located, \$200 to \$300 each.  
—Three Lots, close to tram line, \$225 each.  
—Six-roomed cottage, bath, pantry, stable, etc., close to tram line, well situated; one or two lots, Fort street tram line; easy terms, if desired.  
—One Lot on Oak Bay avenue, \$300.  
—One acre, the finest Residence Site in the city, close to tram line, \$1500.  
—One Lot, Oak Bay water front; \$1500.  
—Six-roomed house, Niagara street; good order; price \$1500; one-third cash.  
—Also 4, 8 or 12 acres of good land, 14 miles from City Hall; \$125 per acre; terms.

This is a chance to get what you want on easy terms and at rock bottom prices. Not a poor piece of property in the list. For particulars apply to J. E. CRANE & CO., 30 Broad Street, or BAUMONT BOOGS, 28 Broad Street.

**MATERNITY** at Samaritan Home, removed to larger premises, at 109 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. feld

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Expenditure of a sum of \$10,000, Borrowed under the Authority of the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for Lighting Purposes.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 41 of The Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894, the Corporation of the City of Victoria is empowered, when it shall have a sum of money on hand which has been borrowed for a special purpose by the authority of a loan by-law, and when the Council deems it undesirable to expend for such purpose the money borrowed, to place before the ratepayers a by-law providing for the expending of such sum of money for some other purpose;

AND WHEREAS the said Corporation of the City of Victoria has a sum of ten thousand dollars on hand which has been borrowed for the purpose of establishing a crematory by the authority of a loan by-law known as the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria deems it undesirable to expend the said sum of \$10,000 for the purpose of establishing a crematory as aforesaid, but deems it expedient that the said sum of \$10,000 should be expended for and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light;

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to expend in and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light the sum of \$10,000 which the said Corporation now has on hand, and which has been borrowed under and by authority of "The Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for the purpose of establishing a crematory, the said Council deeming undesirable that the said sum of \$10,000 should be expended for the purpose of a crematory.

2. This By-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1895.

This By-law may be cited as the "Electric Lighting By-Law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of February, 1895.

## TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward; and at a building known as No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the 19th day of March, instant; that the poll will be kept open between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and that W. K. Bull, Geo. Brown and Frank E. Moore be the Returning Officers to take the vote at the said polling places, viz.: W. K. Bull at Public Market Building, Cormorant street; Geo. Brown at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square; Frank E. Moore at No. 27 Government street (east side).

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., 5th March, 1895. m16

## A BY-LAW

For Raising the sum of \$19,000.00 for the Purposes of Improving the Service of the Fire Department within the Municipal limits of the City of Victoria.

WHEREAS the Fire Department of the City of Victoria, the number of Fire Halls and the means and appliances at its disposal as the same at present exist are considered to be inadequate to the proper protection of property in the said City from damage by fire, especially in the suburban portions of the said City;

AND WHEREAS it is deemed expedient and necessary to improve the service of the Fire Department within the Municipal limits of the City of Victoria, and for that purpose to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said City the sum of \$19,000.00;

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of \$1495.00 to be raised annually by rate for payment of the new debt and interest;

AND WHEREAS the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1891 is \$15,559,370.00;

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual rate of one eleventh of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

AND WHEREAS this By-law shall not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$19,000.00 currency (or sterling money at the rate of 4.85 dollars to the one pound sterling), and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of \$19,000.00, either in currency (or sterling money at the rate of 4.85 dollars to the one pound sterling), as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of \$1,000.00 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the 1st day of May, 1895, and shall be made payable in twenty years from the said date at such place in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be pay-

able half-yearly at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures and coupons.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency, there shall be raised annually the sum of \$355.00, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of \$840.00.

Sec. 7. The said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, shall be raised and levied in each year by a rate sufficient therefor on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the Municipality of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. This By-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the 1st day of May, 1895.

Sec. 10. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Fire Department Loan By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of March, 1895.

## TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward; and at a building known as No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the 19th day of March, instant; that the poll will be kept open between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and that W. K. Bull, Geo. Brown and Frank E. Moore be the Returning Officers to take the vote at the said polling places, viz.: W. K. Bull at Public Market Building, Cormorant street; Geo. Brown at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square; Frank E. Moore at No. 27 Government street (east side).

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., 5th March, 1895. m16

## HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

## QUEEN'S HOTEL

## RESTAURANT

COR. JOHNSON AND STORE STS. FORMERLY THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT.

**LADIES AND GENTLEMEN** If you want a good meal for 25 cents and upwards go to the Queen's Hotel Restaurant. Meal hours from 6 a.m. to 1 a.m. C. Nunn, the well known waiter, will be night manager and will supply customers with the best of meals.

J. C. VOSS, PROP. 2015

## MERCHANTS' LUNCH

AT THE Poodle Dog Restaurant from 12 to 2. Meals, with glass of beer or claret, 40c. Regular meals, with glass of beer or claret, 50c. LOUIS MARBOEUF, Prop. ja23-1m

**SAY!** The LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT, French dinner from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. 25c. Government street, opposite P.O. Lunch short order. Oysters in every style. Open day and night. F. Berlich. f-20-1m

## 40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on



## A COLONIAL REFORMER.

To THE EDITOR:—The British provinces have always been slow to appreciate the many talents of the young and ambitious reformers who are constantly bringing across the Atlantic ready-made and infallible opinions on a great variety of subjects. Unfortunately no doubt for themselves the colonists have never seemed willing to invest with plenary powers those exuberant persons who feel that they are peculiarly fitted to manage colonial affairs. It is very likely quite embarrassing to Mr. Bostock, who is a very decent fellow in his way, that instances are so few in which fresh young countrymen of his own, bubbling over as they often are with a desire to run things generally, have been given a chance to effect those reforms they are quite certain it is so little of a trick to make. Even in that vast western wilderness which comprises, as Mr. Bostock plaintively says, "such an enormous district" that he never can get round it, its denizens do not fall over one another in their anxiety to entrust to his keeping those interests he feels himself so well fitted to conserve and to advance. Here is a man with plenty of time on his hands, plenty of money at his disposal, plenty of very excellent theories on the best government of the Yale-Cariboo and every other district, ready, nay even anxious, in response to that "widely expressed desire" he has been successful in discovering, to devote his talents and energies to managing their affairs; and yet it really looks as if even in this primitive place the scattered population would sooner choose to represent them a man of whom they know that what with his mining and his railroading and his steamboating and his lumbering and his merchandising that he is a very busy man indeed. They seem to set some value on experience. They incline to the opinion that it is to their advantage that their representative at Ottawa should possess, as Mr. Mara does, an intimate and particular knowledge of the resources, the industries and the practical needs of the district. Three months of this busy man's time they imagine would be more valuable to them than three months of the time which young Mr. Bostock finds hanging so heavily on his hands. They are quite capable of setting Mr. Mara's practical experience and sound business sense against those fine theories which Mr. Bostock so readily evolves and so eloquently elucidates. It is really too bad that they do not take Mr. Bostock's view of the case and adopt those opinions he has so kindly outlined in the card he has thoughtfully put in every man's hand, and of which it may be said that if they do not meet every case, it is a very small matter so to change them as to meet current exigencies, for it is just now their author's business to adopt such principles and such only as commend themselves to the majority of the electorate. In evidence of his good faith in this respect his own card may as well at once be appealed to. There it will be seen plainly enough, for he has not written it, that "he has no objects of his own to serve," while he appeals to the electors of Cariboo and Kamloops to support him because he has "large interests" there and is "very desirous for your welfare and mine to see this province progress more than it has done the last few years." If no great disinterestedness and so great candor can be found within the limits of a short address, how much more complacency can you expect from its author in a larger field?

It is little to the purpose that Mr. Bostock is a stranger in the district and a new arrival in the province. Neither should it be remembered against him that his candidature would never have been dreamed of if impetuous local politicians did not find it advantageous to advocate the cause of the wealthy and free-handed young stranger? He is not the first tenderfoot who has acquired knowledge and experience while engaged in the athletic occupation of having his leg pulled. Neither should we imagine that Mr. Bostock's action in seeking our suffrage should be inspired by any selfish motive, or in any other mood than with an eye single to the welfare of the district, with possibly a squint at those "large interests." It will be much easier to take him at his word with respect to his disinterestedness, his patriotism and his capacity, than to look for proof of those assertions which call into so frequent use the personal pronoun. Neither should we give too ready credence to the, no doubt, slanderous statement that the "representative men" of Mr. Bostock's card have concluded to fool that gentleman to the top of his bent, and are willing to accord him the honor of contesting a hopeless district if he on his part is satisfied to "square himself" with the boys.

Kamloops, March 16.

CLIO.

## A NUISANCE.

To THE EDITOR:—As a stranger in this city and to Canada I hope you will pardon me if I bring before your notice a scandal which I consider demands immediate attention. I allude to the treatment of passengers on their arrival at this port. On Tuesday morning I was treated by the various hotel runners, not as a sane man who know perfectly well what he wanted, but rather as some kind of a wild beast whom it was imperatively necessary to "head off" at all risks. Runners from this and that hotel laid hands on me and my baggage, pushed their cards in my face, tried to force me into the different omnibuses, abused me, and one impertinent person lurched against me several times, even going so far as to threaten me with the cane he held; on another occasion he had better use it for walking purposes, not for the intimidation of passengers. Pray remember that mine is not an isolated case by any means, for after I had met the friends with whom I was to stop I saw them all, I mean the runners, repeating the same performance with many other fellow passengers, all of whom can endorse what I am writing. The language, moreover, used by these men beggars description. If these be the first signs of hospitality shown to strangers visiting Canada I should say that but few people would care to run the risk of undergoing them. With apologies for trespassing on your valuable space.

Victoria, March 19.

## STREET BUILDING.

To THE EDITOR:—Allow me a small space in your paper for a few words to the public. I have travelled through London and all the cities to Plymouth, also through the United States and Vancouver and Westminster, but in all these places I never saw anyone carting mud onto the streets. There is a new system in Victoria which has sprung up within a month or two. They say "a new broom sweeps clean," but this is a dirty one. The city spends a good deal of money in sweeping and scraping the streets, and trying to keep them clean. Within the last month there has been a lot of rook put on different streets. You can see it on Chambers street, Cook street, also streets in James Bay and again about half a mile out on Douglas street. Where did the supervisor get his new patent for street

making? I must say the system is a very bad one. Is it that he has no knowledge of street making? Where is Jumbo that it is not brought out to roll the rook down, or does the supervisor think that mud and clay will press it down. I am sure that he never saw mud and clay put on the island railroad when he was up there. Cannot the city fathers find another method or something to put on the rocks instead of mud, for it will have to be scraped off before May. It is a pity the city does not employ a more experienced man to look after the streets; it would be more benefit to them than the one they have at present, whom the people say would be dear at \$50 per month instead of \$125, and his horse fed at the corporation expense. He has two men working who "are not taxpayers. Why not take on some of the men who pay their taxes and are at present idle, but would be glad of work if they could get it. It is evident that the present supervisor knows nothing about streets."

"TAXPAYER."

Victoria, March 18, 1896.

## NICARAGUA MUST PAY UP.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 19.—The British government, through its minister here, has submitted an ultimatum to Nicaragua. It demands a cash indemnity of £15,000 as smart money to pay for the expulsion of Mr. Hatch, British consular agent during the troubles of last year, and also for the appointment of a commission to investigate the damages sustained by the persons and property of British subjects who were expelled from the Mosquito reservation about the same time. By the terms of the ultimatum Great Britain is to name one of the commissioners and Nicaragua another, and these two are to choose a third, who shall not be a citizen of the United States. It was also made known that a British warship is now on her way to Nicaragua to enforce this demand, which must be complied with within seven weeks from the 25th of February last, the date of the ultimatum.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—It is impossible to learn positively whether the state department has been advised officially of the severe demands made upon Nicaragua by Great Britain, but from the fact that Gen. Barrios, who was appointed by Nicaragua to endeavor to settle the difficulty, has recently paid several visits to the state department in company with Dr. Guzman, the resident Nicaraguan minister, it is assumed that our government is fully posted in regard to the matter.

It cannot be denied that this new incident, taken in connection with the hostile attitude of Great Britain toward Venezuela, promises to lead to trouble of a character much more serious than the incident of the Alliance. There are questions of indemnity arising in Venezuela growing out of claims preferred by other European nations. Many of the claims grow out of the failure of these republics to meet their obligations to foreign debtors under the stress of hard times and the influence of the world-wide depression in trade. As the European governments appear to be moving to collect these individual debts on their own account it is a question that the United States must speedily settle as to how far it is prepared to permit this process to go on. Besides, there is a rather disagreeable reflection upon American citizens in the disputation that none such shall serve on the commission to adjudicate the damages. On the whole, it is probable that the President will interfere to secure at least an amelioration of the terms of the ultimatum by an appeal to the British government, representing the great hardship that it would work to Nicaragua under her present depressed condition to prefer a demand for so large an indemnity.

Senor Romero, the Mexican minister here, has entered a formal denial of the accuracy of the published statements that the impending war between Mexico and Guatemala is due to the influence of a British syndicate which controls the Tehuantepec railway and which fears the competition of the Guatemalan road. The minister asserts that British holders of stock would have much more to lose than to gain by a war which would tend to reduce the value of their securities.

## Good Health

## PURE TEA

AND OTHER WHOLESOME FOOD

DON'T TAKE "JUST AS GOOD" FOR AN ANSWER

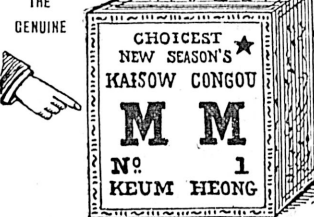
But Insist Upon Getting

THE GENUINE M M LOOK FOR THE STAR

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M. J. BRANDENSTEIN &amp; CO.

THIS IS THE GENUINE



SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

NOTICE!! Some Unscrupulous Grocers may tell you "this is just as good" or "the same as M M." It is false. If your Grocer substitutes any other brand in place of M M, be honest and send it back.

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In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses, easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

## FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reapers, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gents), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corrals, &amp;c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Crockery, etc., etc.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188.

TELEPHONE NO. 74.

## AN ARTICLE

May cost but little and yet be worthless. The difference in quality between various grades of Matches may be such as to make the lowest priced the most expensive. It interests you to know that

E. B. EDDY'S

are the Best Matches made.

## MONEY TO LOAN

On security of Improved Real Estate, ARTHUR ROBERTSON, No. 6 Bastion Square.

## PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHINES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

## MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

## Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

## SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

## READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, GENTLEMEN,—Was troubled with rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. A. McNEILL, New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, DEAN SIRS,—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvelous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days. GEORGE SCHMIDT, Steitz Restaurant.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 17, 1893. To Dean & Cryderman, druggists, GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work. Yours very thankfully, E. NORMAN, 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

## DEAN &amp; CRYDERMAN SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

## SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE, IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills,

ALBANY, OREGON. and

## SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for \$25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. and14

## CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director &amp; Embalmer

22 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

★ ★ ★ The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

## PUBLIC NOTICE:

The undersigned will make loans from \$1 to \$1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

123 Government Street. Private entrance on Pandora Street. and13

## Food for the Hungry.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday, the 23rd instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 8 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets, which may be procured at the Barracks for a nominal sum, or in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy, with tickets, or may send in supplies to the Depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the Depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TRAGUE, Mayor.

Victoria, January 26, 1895. and27



"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893," as Amended by the "Fire Insurance Policy Amendment Act, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to Secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of April, 1895, to the 1st day of July, 1895.

JAMES BAKER, Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office, 28th February, 1895. and28

## NOTICE.

Mr. F. B. Atherton is my authorized collector.

LEWIS HALL.



## The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.

THE COLONIST PRINTING &amp; PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

## TERMS:

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) \$10 00  
Part of a year at the same rate.  
Per week (if delivered) 25

## THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) \$2 00  
Six months 1 25  
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

## ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the time of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement: More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.  
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.  
Not more than one week, 30 cents.  
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than \$2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.  
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.  
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.  
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.  
Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$2.  
TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.50.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

## ENGLISH JOURNALISM.

Those who read the English newspapers at all intelligently must be struck with the fairness and the liberality with which they discuss public questions and public men. The difficulties of a question are fairly discussed by those who uphold it as well as those who oppose it. The mistakes and the shortcomings of friends as well as of opponents are freely commented upon. Conservative journalists speak as highly of a Liberal statesman when he makes what they believe to be a good speech, or pursues what they consider the right course with respect to an important measure, as they do of the deliverances and the acts of Conservative statesmen when they, in their opinion, are commendable. Instances of the liberal way in which English journalists treat opponents appear in the Weekly Times of March 1, in the article on Indian affairs, which deals with the debate on the cotton duties. Commenting on the speech made by Mr. Fowler the Times says:

Mr. Fowler has rendered no inconsiderable service to the Empire. His arguments may fall to satisfy Bombay as they have failed to satisfy Manchester, but his speech will produce the same deep conviction in India which it has produced in England that the aim of the British Government has been to find out what is fair as between the two countries and to do it. He has lifted the question above the clamour and the dust of the political arena. He has also shown that when a British statesman has the courage to throw away the thoughts of self and on a great question to appeal to the sense of justice of the nation, Parliament has still the manhood and the chivalry to understand his motives aright and to reply in unmistakable terms to his appeal. He has at a critical moment proved to India that a British ministry is willing to imperil its existence in order to faithfully discharge its trust to her people.

It will be hard for many persons in this Dominion to realize that the writer of this passage is a staunch Conservative, and that the statesman of whom he speaks in such eulogistic terms is a prominent member of the Liberal Government. It will be noticed, too, that he commends the Government quite as warmly as he does the Minister who, in his opinion, has done such service to the Empire. All this is done, he it is observed, in the leading Opposition newspaper.

On the occasion of this debate on the cotton duties the Government won a signal victory over the Opposition, yet in its article on the debate the Times does not say one disparaging word of the Government, or of those who spoke on the Government side. On the contrary, the only slighting words that the article contained, if they can be said to be slighting, were directed against leading men of its own party. It says:

We rejoice that the majority of 304 against 109 was so large and decisive as to deprive the division of the character of a party vote. We regret that Mr. Balfour is suffering from indisposition which confines him to his room, but his absence from the debate was not to be regretted; and if some of his colleagues had also been compelled to absent themselves it would have been an advantage to them and to their party.

It is not to be supposed that the Times did any injury to itself or to the party whose most influential advocate it is by noticing the speech of an opponent in this magnanimous way and by administering this gentle rebuke to mistaken and over-zealous friends. The fact that it gave ungrudging and unqualified praise to the Government when in its judgment they took the right course on the cotton duties will give added weight to its censure when it finds it necessary to condemn the Government's measures. We wonder if the day will ever come when Canadian journals will have the magnanimity to give an opponent credit for the good that he does and the talent he possesses. At present a public man must join the great majority before his opponents can find it in their hearts to admit that he possessed uncommon ability and that he used it to benefit his country.

## ANOTHER WITNESS.

The depression of agriculture in free trade Great Britain is perfectly bewildering to those who are trying to persuade Canadian farmers to accept free trade as it is in England. At first they tried to deny that the depression existed. The Toronto Globe was the first to resort to this dodge. It succeeded only in exposing its ignorance or demonstrating its dishonesty. Now they all admit the depression, but are straining their ingenuity to find other causes for it than free trade. But they are making a mess of it. If free trade is as favorable to the farmer as they say it is, how could agriculture in Great Britain possibly be depressed after fifty years of the freest kind of free trade? The very fact that there is agricultural depression there after having enjoyed the unpeakable advantages of free trade for so long a time, knocks all their arguments and rose-colored prophecies in the head. Great Britain, according to them, in spite of every drawback ought now to be the farmer's paradise. But it is not. It is, in fact, very far in the other and opposite direction. There is no use in denying it. The witnesses to prove that the British farmer, after fifty years of free trade, is in a bad way are too numerous and too respectable to be gainsaid. Here is one—a non-political witness—whose credibility is not to be for a moment doubted. It is Chambers Journal—the March number, page 86. This is what is to be seen on that page:

The deplorable condition in which agriculture, the greatest of our industries, is placed, renders any suggestions for its improvement interesting and useful. Such suggestions were to be found in the dairy exhibition recently held in the Agricultural hall, Ilington. But before we can fully appreciate these suggestions, we must know the causes of the present depression in agriculture. The main causes are the low price of wheat and other cereals, due to the free importation of them; and the bad seasons we have had during the last fifteen years. The evidence taken before the two Royal Commissions appointed to consider the present depression in agriculture has disclosed an alarming condition in this great industry, amounting to a crisis. It is enough when we say that the evidence has informed us that so ruinous have proprietors and tenants felt their position that they have considered their land in many parts of England not worth cultivating and have left it derelict, as they were unable to pay the rates and tithes leviable on it.

Here is a disinterested witness, an intelligent witness, and a truthful witness, who declares that agriculture is depressed in Great Britain and who attributes the depression to free trade. Could there be stronger testimony than this?

## THE WORLD'S GOLD YIELD.

There are not many who believe that more gold is now produced every year than when gold mining was at its best in California and when the gold fields of Australia were most productive. When the California gold fever was at its height some timid people feared that gold was getting too plentiful and that the time was not far distant when that most precious of metals would be as common and as cheap as silver. But singular to say, although the world has been adding to its stores of gold ever since, and though it is a metal that is taken great care of and is not easily destroyed, it is to all appearance as scarce, if not scarcer, than ever. There are economists who maintain that the civilized world is to-day suffering from a scarcity of gold—that it is this scarcity and consequent appreciation of gold that is the cause of the cheapness of commodities which so many deplore. This is a difficult and a delicate subject, and it is not our purpose to say another word about it. It used to be asked by persons of a reflective turn of mind, "What becomes of all the pins?" It may perhaps be a little more profitable to inquire what becomes of all the gold, for it has for years been streaming into the world's strong boxes, yet the quantity has not to all appearance increased. The prospect is that the production of gold will be kept up at the present rate for many a long year to come. The old gold fields are being worked with renewed energy and new ones are being discovered every year.

Mr. Hamilton Smith, who seems to be a gold mining expert, in a report which he has recently drawn up after a close examination of the new African gold fields, gives us this information about the world's output of gold:

In 1849 the world's product of gold was about £0,000,000, which increased to something over £30,000,000 in 1853, owing to the discovery and working of the rich placers of California and Australia; from 1853 the yield steadily declined until in 1883 it had fallen to less than £20,000,000. Since 1887 the yield has advanced by leaps and bounds, the increase being chiefly due to the new discoveries in South Africa, until for 1894 the product has most probably amounted to fully £8,000,000 ounces of fine gold, worth over £36,500,000, an output certainly much greater than that for any previous year in the history of the world. In 1853 it was evident that the great yield from both California and Australia would be short-lived, whereas the probabilities now are that this great product of £36,500,000 will be fully maintained for quite a number of years to come; and yet, in spite of this fact and this belief, the prices of commodities generally in use, such as wheat, cotton, wool, sugar, iron, copper, etc., are now lower than they have been for the past hundred years. It has been generally accepted that one of the principal causes of the rise in the price of standard articles from 1849 to 1880 was due to the influx of gold from California and Australia. Will the same rise in values measured by the ounce of gold take place in the coming five years? This is a question of vast importance to all of us, from the richest capitalist to the poorest laborer.

When there was so much talk and such great excitement about the yield of gold forty-two years ago, the world's annual output was \$150,000,000. Now, when there is very little said about gold discoveries and gold diggings, and even less excitement, the world's yield of gold is annually \$172,500,000, and we are informed that it is likely to continue at this rate for a considerable time longer.

We are not surprised that economists, and many who do not deserve to be styled economists, are speculating as to the result of this steady and continuous increase of the world's store of gold.

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

When Newfoundland was prosperous its inhabitants would not listen to proposals for a union with the Dominion of Canada. Their dislike to confederation was unaccountably strong and they appeared to regard Canadians with the deepest distrust. Newfoundland is now a greatly afflicted country. The prevailing hard times are not in that colony a mere depression; they have struck it like a cyclone, spreading ruin and desolation over its whole extent. In their day of adversity the Newfoundland politicians are looking to Canada to place their province in a better position politically and commercially. Is this sudden liking for Canada and this confidence in Canadians confined to the politicians, or have they spread to the masses? If the politicians, thinking that Newfoundland's extremity is their opportunity, have resolved to take advantage of the present crisis to unite Newfoundland with the Dominion without the full and intelligent consent of the people, we are very much afraid that it will not prove a valuable acquisition to Canada. It is quite possible that when good times come again the Newfoundlanders will think that an unfair advantage was taken of their position. They may become discontented and turbulent and prove a thorn in the Dominion's side. If, however, the agitation for confederation is not confined to a few politicians, if a majority of the people are desirous to cast in their lot with Canada, Canadians should welcome them joyfully and deal with them generously.

## STILL ANOTHER.

The Times on Monday said: "Between the Rev. Mr. Sangstad and the Colonist there lies a falsehood, namely, that the Times misrepresented what the reverend gentleman said." Our contemporary is wrong again, the "falsehood" is where it was invented, in the Times office—there and nowhere else. As for the other false accusations of the Times they really mean nothing. It is with such stuff our contemporary pads its paragraphs and its articles. It evidently has always a stock on hand to be used when required, and it is useless to attach any particular meaning to it.

## When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

General purpose and driving horses—A carload of first-class animals has arrived here, and is now at the Club Stables.

## ADVERTISING AGENTS.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchant's Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. 168

## ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Truncheon Avenue Established 1882. 161

## BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. 161

## DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING. MRS. MARSHALL has removed to No. 122 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. 161-12

FRENCH DRESSMAKING—First class furnishings, perfect fit guaranteed; all kinds of fancy oil painting done on satin, silk or wool, fancy work and embroidery, 18 Blanchard street. 161-17

## ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH, CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS. Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C. G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

## PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska. Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. 161

## PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspinall's Emamel, 40 Fort street. 161-7

## MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING. MR. A. F. OWEN, Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 31 years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Walt's Music Store. 163

MADAME LAIRD, TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. For terms apply at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. 163-0

## SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munro, 59 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. 163

## MEETINGS.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. O. Smith, Secretary. 164-1m

## MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

Langley &amp; Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

If you wish prompt shipment, close quotations, high class

WE ARE THE PEOPLE.

MENZIE, TURNER &amp; CO.,

Office, Warehouse and Factories, 8, 10 and 12 Liberty St., (late the Macfarlane Shade Co. Sample Room, 8 and 10 Wellington Street East.

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## Spray Your Trees

PUMPS AND

SPRAY MIXTURE

FOR SALE BY

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Importers and Dealers in  
STOVES AND RANGES, : :  
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See their  
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Range.  
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CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, \$2,920,000.  
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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from \$1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM. Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted. Victoria, B.C., Jan. 1, 1895. 165 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

## AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.  
FURNITURE, FINE ART AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,  
Are instructed by a party leaving the city to sell by

## —AUCTION—

On Thursday, March 21st, at 2 p.m.,  
In their commodious salesrooms, Broad Street and Truncheon Avenue, the whole of the valuable

Furniture, Carpets, Pictures and Effects

Comprising Walnut Parlor Set in plush, solid Walnut Center Table, handsome Brass Piano Lamp, Chenille Curtains, Lace ditto, Rugs, PIANOFORTE in English Walnut case, by T. Scoother, London, Eng., a very desirable instrument; Bookcase, very fine Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, almost new; Oak Hall Stand with glass back and marble slab, Brussels Hall and Stair Carpets to match, fine Oak Roller Top Desk, Capital Rooking Chair in leather, Easy Chairs to match, 2 valuable Oil Paintings, 2 small ditto, Steel Engravings, very fine Domestic Sewing Machine in Oak, Singer ditto, fine Bed Lounge, Single Lounges, Walnut Extension Table, ornamental tables, Hanging Lamps, Standard Lamps, 20 Blinds, Oak and other Poles, very fine Organ, 11 stops, in first-rate condition; Heating Stoves in several styles, solid Black Walnut Bed Set with marble slabs, a really fine set; Oak Sets, Ash Sets, Maple Sets, 6 Bedsteads, a large number of Woven Wire, Dominion Wire, Box and Clipper Mattresses, Blankets, Pillows, Sheets, Comforts, Toilet Services, Cane Chairs, Easy Chairs, Arm Chairs, Fenders, Sofas, Crochery, Kitchen Tables and Chairs, number of Books, 20 yds. of Linoleum, Cooking Stove and furniture, Step Ladder, Pulley, 2 Wheelbarrows, and a thousand and one other things.

Terms Cash.  
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.  
AUCTIONEERS.

On Wednesday, March 27th,  
AT 2 P.M. AT THE CLUB STABLES, YATES ST.,

## AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

CARLOAD OF EASTERN HORSES AND MARES,  
Well Bred Coach & French Stock

RANGING IN AGE FROM FOUR TO EIGHT YEARS,  
And including several splendid Teams of General Purpose Horses, from 2,200 lbs. to 2,800 lbs.; all thoroughly sound and well broken; suitable for any kind of farm or city work.

Several well matched pairs of Carriage or Driving Horses, comprising Bays, Chestnuts, Blacks and Roans; amongst this lot will be found some beautiful animals; especially suitable.

Also a few Splendid Buggy Horses and a

Very Fine Well Matched Team of French Canadian Ponies,

About fourteen hands, and are sound and quiet. Those seeking good work, farm, general purpose, family or driving animals should attend this sale. The are just fit to put to work and will increase in value every year you let them. Bear in mind they have not had all the good taken out of them by years of driving or hard work. We have positive instructions to SELL as the owners are at a vast expense every day they have them on hand.

Terms Cash.  
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Leading Auctioneers.

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Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored; All business strictly confidential.

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OF THE CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES

BY REV. G. C. KING, in the R.E. Schoolroom, Humboldt street. WEDNESDAY EVE. NEXT, 20th instant, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25c., to be had at the door. 1618-38

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DEPART A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m. Walla Walla - - March 24

R. P. RITHE & CO., Agents.

INDIAN vegetable cough syrup for colds, asthma, chronic bronchitis, sore throat, weak lungs, hoarseness, etc. We guarantee to give satisfaction or money returned. Ask your dealer for its price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Bentley & McGregor, cor., Government and Bay streets. 1621-1m

## To Be Lot At Nanaimo.

That desirable and well situated boarding house, known as the Bay View House, containing 21 rooms, (unfurnished); rent moderate. Apply to Arthur Bullock, Nanaimo. 1618-1w

## Dressmaker and Milliner.

WANTED—A first-class Dressmaker with a knowledge of Millinery. Apply at once, giving references and salary required, to Box A, Colonist office. 1618-38

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Importers and Dealers in  
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods

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P.O. BOX 832. 1620 VICTORIA, B. C.

WELLINGTON COAL . .  
\$6.50 PER TON

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M. G. BLANCHARD, V.S.,  
Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College,  
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1618-4m



## NEW SPRING SAMPLES FOR

## Eastern Tailor-made Suits

JUST RECEIVED.

SEE THEM BEFORE ORDERING, AND SAVE MONEY.

New Spring Goods Arriving Daily, comprising all the Latest Styles.

ORDERS BY  
MAIL PROMPTLY  
ATTENDED TO.B. WILLIAMS & CO. (Clothing and Hatters,  
97 Johnson Street.

## AUCTION SALES.

March 21—Furniture, H. Cuthbert & Co.  
March 21—Furniture etc., Pliny E. Davis & Co.  
March 21—Furniture and Effects, H. Cuthbert  
March 27—Horses and Carriages, H. Cuthbert.

Pliny E. Davis & Co. have removed to their new and commodious rooms in the fire-proof building, next to the Bank of British North America, 37 and 39 Yates street. They will hold their first sale on Thursday, March 21, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## THE CITY.

THE Board of Trade has its quarterly meeting on April 5, when one of the matters to be discussed is a report upon the powers of the council of the board.

To-morrow evening Mr. B. H. West will lecture before the Single Tax Club at Temperance hall on "The Dignity of Labor." This will be followed by a discussion and singing and instrumental music will make up the rest of the programme. Ladies are particularly invited to attend these meetings.

THE tumble-down shacks on Johnson street, adjoining the Hotel Victoria block, have disappeared "for the safety of the public." They had served their day of usefulness and were almost ready to fall to pieces over the heads of their occupants before Building Inspector Northcott condemned them.

THE hotel runners at the steamer landings deserve the immediate and serious attention of the police—or at least that portion of the fraternity of hotel drummers that insists on making itself a public nuisance. Travellers arriving from the Mainland complain that the runners assail them like a pack of hungry wolves as soon as they reach Wharf street, and neither persons nor property command the respect of the energetic mob.

SPARKS from the chimney lodged under the ridge board and set fire to the roof of Mr. T. C. Fitcher's residence on Parkin street yesterday morning. About 9 o'clock neighbors living across the street saw that the roof was on fire and informed Mr. Fitcher, who by means of buckets of water kept the flames from spreading till the department came upon the scene. The firemen soon extinguished the blaze, the damage not amounting to \$25. The house and contents are insured for \$6,000 in the Canadian, A. W. Jones & Bridgman being the agents.

P. SNIDER, a lad of tender years, was charged before Magistrate Macrae yesterday with having discharged a firearm within the city limits—contrary to the provisions of the streets by-law of the corporation in such cases made and provided. The youthful culprit was convicted and discharged. By the new law for the protection of the young, the hearing was a private one in the Magistrate's room, this now being ordered in all cases, and the law also requiring that no minor shall be placed in a prison cell unless he be at the time the only occupant of the jail or other place of confinement.

THE troubles of Caretaker Sutherland in connection with his administration of the affairs of the Old Men's Home were again related in the police court yesterday, when David Murray, one of his charges, was arraigned for using grossly abusive language. The complaint was sustained, and Murray had a conviction recorded against him although he was discharged. Preparations are now being made for the transfer of a number of inmates of the home to the provincial institution for their shelter just completed at Kamloops. They are to leave for the "Inland Capital" some day this week.

MARY WHEEL-UM KUM, the kiootchman who went on a spree with Jim Whart-kam, the Cowichan Indian, on the night he mysteriously disappeared, was yesterday brought down from Duncan by Constable Maitland-Douglass, to serve a month's term for supplying the unfortunate man with liquor. The facts of the case are that on March 4, Jim and Mary were in town and Mary purchased some whiskey. The consequence was that when the couple attempted to board Jim's canoe they were both drunk. Mary was found next morning floating in the canoe near the Discovery Island light. The canoe was half full of water and what had become of Jim Mary had no idea. As he has never turned up since it appears that he must have fallen overboard and drowned. Jim's wife then prosecuted Mary for supplying the liquor.

TOMMY O'CONNOR, alias Tom Connors, alias Healy, alias Egan, well known all along the Pacific Coast as a safecracker, footpad and generally bad character, paid Victoria a visit yesterday that was satisfactorily brief. Connors et al. is supposed to have come here from San Francisco, and almost his first business here was to negotiate a loan of \$10 at a local pawnshop, pledging a lady's valuable fur after vainly endeavoring to sell the garment in several of the saloons. During his brief stay here he was seen and recognized by the police, who had good reason to remember him. He had a five year and nine months' term recorded against him at Westminster and in endeavoring to escape from the penitentiary was shot in the leg. Then he transferred his attention to Victoria and was given one year for the robbery of Gilmore & McCandless' store. During his residence at the provincial jail he attempted to break from the chain gang, for which he was given an additional six months, and subsequently tried to escape from the jail itself, for which the late Chief Justice Begbie awarded him an additional year. As soon as they were aware that Connors was again in town Chief Sheppard and his officers gave him their best attention. He was seen coming out of the pawnshop in the evening, and realizing that he was shadowed, ran. His course lay down Johnson street, along Wharf street to the Kingston's landing, and although the pursuing constable did his best to secure an interview Connors outran him and succeeded in gaining the deck of the Kingston just as

MR. LEO BRADLEY  
Receives pupils for organ, piano, singing and cello. Lessons given at pupil's residence when desired. Sight singing and elementary violin classes conducted at small fees. Choirmaster and organist R.E. church. Address 10 Blanchard Street.

she was swinging from the dock. The city is better off and good citizens safer without him.

A GOOD night's amusement will be offered by the sergeants of the B.C.B.G.A. on the 30th instant.

THE entertainment at the drill hall on March 30 will be something new to the public. A splendid programme of the various drills has been made up.

A FINE programme, refreshments and a good time socially, should attract every member and subscriber of the Y.M.C.A. to the members' reception this evening at Association hall. All arrangements are in the hands of the young people of Calvary Baptist church.

As an instance of common sense applied to municipal affairs the appearance of the water carts yesterday should commend itself to citizens. Alderman Williams is entitled to the thanks of the public for his thoughtfulness in having the annual dust nuisance so to speak "nipped in the bud."

THE Macdonald Club have their weekly reunion to-night, and the campaign having now been put properly into shape by the formal choice of Liberal Conservative candidates there will no doubt be some business of importance to transact. The special committee report a well varied programme to form Part II of the proceedings.

PETER BELLENGER, the man who for lack of evidence escaped punishment for selling little Arthur Lamour into slavery, is in Seattle. His trunk and gun were yesterday handed over by the provincial police to a messenger from Bellenger, and went to Seattle on the steamer last night. Bellenger considers himself lucky to have escaped the meshes of the law, as he says he quite expected to have got a five years' sentence.

A NOTICE has been posted in the armories of No. 1 Company, B.C.B.G.A., calling the annual business meeting of this company's association for Saturday, the 6th April, in the drill hall, and urging the members of the company to be present on that evening. The business to be dealt with is of considerable importance, and consists of receiving reports and election of office-bearers, besides the discussion of several amendments to the constitution and allocation of funds for different purposes during the ensuing year.

REV. G. C. KING will deliver his stereoscopic lecture, "A Tour of the Cities of the United States," this evening, in the Reformed Episcopal schoolroom, Humboldt street. The pictures will include those of President and Mrs. Cleveland, ex-President and Mrs. Harrison, views of the interior of the White House and senate chamber, etc. Some 92 slides of the principal cities, from Boston to San Francisco, will pass through the lantern, and no doubt many home scenes will present themselves to those citizens who can make it convenient to take in the exhibition.

THE crowd that yesterday afternoon thronged the provincial police court to hear the Haddington Island assault case were disappointed, as an adjournment till this afternoon was decided upon. Messrs. E. Pearson and Robert Ward, J's P., presided. Mr. Helmsken, who represented Mr. Adams, the defendant, asked for the adjournment, and Mr. A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general, for the Crown, consented, saying that the charge would be amended so that it might be dealt with under the provisions of the summary trials act. This was agreed to and the case was then adjourned till 2 o'clock to-day pre-emptorily.

THE Rock Bay hotel, on the corner of Bridge and Work streets, had an unwelcome and unbidden guest between Monday's and Tuesday's suns. Either the door was accidentally left unlocked or the thief was provided with skeleton keys, for he broke neither door nor windows, yet entered the barroom and appropriated a considerable quantity of bulk liquor and a funnel by means of which it might be more conveniently bottled. The till was also removed entire, the contents of course pocketed, and the drawer itself thrown on the roadside by the Point Ellice bridge. There were several dollars in the till and the liquor stolen was worth ten or fifteen dollars.

MAYOR TEAGUE is considerably surprised to find that with the large number of unemployed men in the city, a considerable proportion of whom request and receive assistance daily at the food shelter, no one has yet sought the use of vacant land for gardening. The sending of the unemployed workers back to the land has been regarded as one of the most admirable features of the municipal relief plan, and numerous owners of city and suburban lots have offered the use of their property. The only applicant up to date has been a lady, to whom the scheme was not quite clear apparently. She proposed to accept the use of the land, put in an orchard, and ultimately build herself a comfortable little home.

THE "Feast of Flowers" was an attraction in the Reformed Episcopal church school room yesterday afternoon and evening, pleasing to the eye and ear alike. The place was prettily adorned with flowers—a fine collection of budding and flowered primulas, cyclamens and calla lilies—gathered for the purpose of selling. From 3 o'clock in the afternoon until late in the evening these found comparatively ready sale and as a consequence the young ladies of the church, under whose auspices the "Feast of Flowers" was held, realized considerable funds. In the evening there was a fine musical programme rendered as follows: Piano duet, Mr. Carl Lowenberg and Mrs. Barnard; song, Mrs. Holmeken; mandolin and guitar selection, Mrs. Barnard; Miss Powell and the Misses Lowenberg; song, Mr. Foulkes, and song, Mr. W. Ralph Higgins. There was as usual a good supply of refreshments furnished during the evening.

M. C. Brown, who successfully ran the Adelphi Saloon during the last 20 years has taken charge again and will be pleased to meet all his old friends and hosts of new ones.

Now is the time, 8 cases Burt & Packard's Russia leather boots and shoes, have just arrived at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street, I.O.O.F. Block.

Drink Victoria-Phoenix Lager Beer.

## LOST AND WON.

The Electric Light Improvement By-Law Receives Endorsement at the Polls.

While the Fire Protection Loan is Refused by the Rate-payers.

Contrary to general expectation, not both but only one of the loan by-laws voted upon yesterday received the endorsement of the ratepayers. The by-law ratifying the use of the crematory loan for electric light purposes passed on a small vote but by a safe majority; the by-law for enlarging the sphere of fire protection and improving the equipment of the department, while receiving a majority of the votes polled, did not obtain the necessary percentage of the total—three-fifths—and is therefore lost.

Considerable surprise is expressed by those most interested in the conduct of civic affairs that the residents of the Victoria West and the Spring Ridge districts, after their repeated appeals and demands for better fire protection, should have allowed the by-law to fail by reason of their apathy. The vote polled was an uncommonly light one, as the appended totals show:

| ELECTRIC LIGHTING BY-LAW. |               |
|---------------------------|---------------|
|                           | For. Against. |
| South ward.....           | 107 50        |
| Centre ".....             | 69 38         |
| North ".....              | 217 89        |
| Total.....                | 393 168       |
| Majority For—225.         |               |

| FIRE PROTECTION BY-LAW. |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|
|                         | For. Against. |
| South ward.....         | 85 73         |
| Centre ".....           | 48 59         |
| North ".....            | 151 142       |
| Total.....              | 287 274       |

The majority, thirteen, justifies its reputation as an unlucky number, being insufficient to carry the by-law. Under the law, which requires three-fifths of the votes polled to be cast in the affirmative in order to carry a money by-law, 336 of the total of 561 ballots, were required to carry the by-law.

In connection with the proposal to erect and equip fire stations in the now unprotected sections of the city, the suggestion had been thrown out that each should also be provided with a jailer's room and two cells, lockups being thus provided where they as well as fire houses are much needed, and no extra cost being entailed for sites, construction, telephone connection, or other incidental charges. This idea would very possibly have been acted upon had the by-law carried. It did not, however.

## SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

A "Colonist" Representative Will Traverse Mashonaland, South Africa, on a Bike.

That Football Game—From Monaca to Nice—Here and There.

Mr. W. A. Cartor, of the Victoria Wheelmen's Club, who left here on Sunday evening last for Mashonaland, South Africa, is to be the pioneer of the bicycle in a far distant and little known country, though one that is fast opening up to British commerce. His destination is Salisbury, a mining town in the interior wilderness, distant more than 300 miles from the railway terminus and far away from roads connecting with civilization.

According to present arrangements Mr. Cartor will commence his journey a wheel at Cape Town itself, riding a specially made Canadian wheel from the well-known Brantford works, and proceed leisurely across country and by such trails and roads as may be had to Salisbury, where his father has been living for some time past. With the strength and enthusiasm of youth, clear grit behind it, and a constitutional already inured to the heat of equatorial climates, he does not anticipate more than plenty of hard work, flavored perchance with occasional adventures. The record of his journey into Mashonaland, which will be given in the COLONIST as soon as the mails can bring it, will no doubt be read with interest.

## THE TRACK PROPOSITION.

The trustees of the new 'Cycling Association hold a special meeting yesterday, at which the plans and specifications of the new race track were approved. A meeting for the opening of tenders was announced for Saturday.

## FOOTBALL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE V. Y.M.C.A.

TO THE SPORTING EDITOR:—Your reporter, in his short, but as usual excellent and impartial report of the above match on Saturday, made four statements of fact, not one of which has your correspondent signing himself "Y.M.C.A." dared to controvert. He stated that the college team was handicapped by the absence of both of their excellent full backs, Goward and Erb, and that the Y.M.C.A. team was strengthened by Messrs. Winsby and Dallas of the junior Wanderers, playing for them. He did not remark, as he might have, that the successful side were evidently indebted for their success to the splendid game which these two gentlemen played for them, nor did he add that the Y.M.C.A. captain, when he

## After the Grip

I was in a dreadful state, weak and miserable. Doctor said I had Bright's disease. My kidneys were in dreadful condition. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial, thinking at the time it was not much use as nothing helped me before. But, thank God, I got relief after the first bottle. I kept on taking it and used five bottles; and now I am a cured man; never felt better. I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla. JOSHUA SMITH, 201 Market Street, Bradford, Ontario.



Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures  
Hood's Pills cure nausea and biliousness.

## FIRST OF THE SEASON.

## Crescent Bicycles

JUST ARRIVED TO-DAY.

M. W. WAITT &amp; CO.

Sole Agents, 64 Government St.

## FOR SALE CHEAP.

160 ACRES LAND, HALL'S PRAIRIE.

The land is of the best quality, very easily cleared, and not subject to flood; it is well situated as to roads, within one half mile of salt water (Seniahnno Bay) and five miles of railway station. For price and terms apply to

The B. C. Land &amp; Investment Agency, Ltd.

306 Cordova Street, Vancouver, and Government Street, Victoria, 1626-1m

J. H. WARNER &amp; CO.,

PLUMBERS (Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.

Sewer Connections a Specialty.

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mrl7-1mo.

LIGHT!  
LIGHT!!  
LIGHT!!!The Victoria  
Electric Railway  
& Lighting Co.

Having arranged extensive alterations and additions to their plant, are now prepared to supply citizens with Electric Lighting to any extent at moderate rates. For terms apply at the offices of the Company, Store Street . . . .

HEDLEY CHAPMAN,

Managing Director. mrl6-2w

saw that the college were at the last moment forced to play three little lads of the herculean size of Douglas Hunter, enlisted these experienced players on the field, apparently "to make assurance doubly sure." Regarding the last unfortunate paragraph of Y.M.C.A.'s letter, aware as I am that all the other members of the Y.M.C.A. will as deeply regret it as I do, I pass it by, pleased to feel that there is but one, very recent, and probably transitory addition to their team, who could so far have forgotten himself as to first pen it and then affix to it the expressive initials he did. V. C.

## HERE AND THERE.

GENERAL GOSSIP OF MANY SPORTS.  
Mr. J. F. Foulkes' eleven and Victoria college will try conclusions in an association match this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock on the college ground, Beacon Hill—wind and weather permitting.  
The Companions of the Forest are requested to attend a meeting in the Forester's hall this evening of the Archery club.  
In the yacht races from Monaca to Nice yesterday the Atlas arrived first, the Valkyrie second and the Corsair third. The Britannia did not compete. The Dakotah was first in the smaller series of the same cruise.  
A junior lacrosse team is to be formed at Westminster.  
The civilian riflemen of Westminster have formed an association.

## MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Effects of the Gale—Passengers for San Francisco—About the Warships.

Yesterday morning's gale proved too strong for the steamer Joan. She started out at the usual time but was compelled to put back to the outer wharf, where she remained the most of the day. It so happened that she had on the heaviest cargo she has yet taken from here. She began to dip deep when off the San Pedro, and her captain decided not to face the "music" off Trial Island. The Quadra, which was engaged all Monday at Discovery Island light-house, also had to return to port owing to the heavy southeast gale. She will leave again for the island when the weather moderates.

## SAN FRANCISCO BUSINESS.

The Pacific Coast steamship company have advised their agents here to sell cabin tickets for the voyage to San Francisco on the steamship Walla Walla, which leaves here Sunday, at \$5, the steamer fare for the same trip being just half that amount. Reduced passenger rates to Alaska continue in vogue at least until after Sunday, on which day the City of Topeka sails North from Port Townsend. The City of Puebla, which left for San Francisco last evening, carried as cabin passengers: R. P. Rithet, J. F. Norris, Mrs. W. J. McCrea, Mrs. H. Clay, A. J. Holmes, J. Callam, John Brown, C. Hanson and wife, Miss M. Renwick and Miss Renwick.

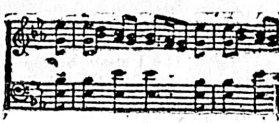
## MARINE NOTES.

H.M.S. Royal Arthur, which has been spending the winter months in the South, is looked for soon to arrive in Esquimaut. The Nymph, which is also South, is expected to arrive shortly after the Royal Arthur. She is to be overhauled here and a new deck will, it is said, be placed in her. There is no intimation yet as to what vessel will do Behring Sea patrol duty this year, but it is generally believed that the Phœnix, now in Esquimaut, will have the work again.

Tug Mystery, which has been idle for several weeks, has gone into commission again, having been engaged for some time to tow logs. Captain Baynan is again in charge, his place on the Vancouver being taken by Capt. Marohant, formerly of the tug Alert. Engineer Patterson has charge of the Van-

ON THE

## MARCH



THE old Anglo Saxons called the month upon which we enter "Hlyd Monath," which, by interpretation, means "storm month." There's two things about March which may be unfailingly predicted. The first is bad weather from the Signal Service, and the second is Big Bargains from us. The winds can do the blowing; we will do the selling.

## UMBRELLAS AND SUNSHADES.

A fine assortment just put into stock at prices ranging from 50 cents to \$10.00. As we purchased these at a discount of thirty per cent. our customers will get the benefit.

## New Spring Goods

Are being opened up and placed on sale every day, and SPOT CASH being in charge, the orders for marking are "very small profits to command big sales," and yet all who choose can avail themselves of our Scrip, which is good for a five per cent. reduction on all purchases.

## THE WESTSIDE. J. HUTCHESON &amp; CO.

## Hats.

A full line of Christy's Celebrated Stiff Hats just arrived, from \$2.00 to \$3.50. John B. Stetson's Soft Felt Hats, \$5.00. Men's Fedora Hats, in Black, Brown, Nutria and Stone, from \$1.25 to \$3.00. Men's Crush Hats, 75c., \$1.00, \$1.50, up to \$3.00 . . . . .

## Clothing.

Another lot of fine Ready-made Clothing opened to-day, in Square Cut, Double and Single Breasted, from \$5.00 up. Our Clothing is better and cheaper than ever before . . .

## Shoes.

A complete line of Geo. E. Keith's Fine American Shoes now on sale. These goods are better value and give better wear than any other shoe in the city at the same price.

GILMORE &amp; McCANDLESS,

NOS. 35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

## CHEW TUCKETT'S T. &amp; B.

"Mahogany" and "Black" CHEWING TOBACCO.

Manufactured by The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

## FOR THE TEETH &amp; BREATH. TEABERRY.

## PULMONIC COUGH CURE

For Recent and Chronic COUGHS, COLDs, &c.

## CENTRAL DRUG STORE,

HALL & CO., PROPRIETORS, Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

## Popular Novels.

The Gentleman of Franco.....Stanley Weyman  
My Lady Rother.....Stanley Weyman  
Under the Red Robe.....Stanley Weyman  
Francis Gliddle.....Stanley Weyman  
The First of the English.....Gunter  
Some Every Day Folk.....Phillips  
People of the Mist.....Anthony Hope  
Dolly Dialogues.....Anthony Hope  
Philip and His Wife.....Doland  
Trilby.....Du Maurier  
Billy, a Parody on Trilby.....  
Memoirs of Sherlock Holmes.....Conan Doyle  
Adventures of Sherlock Holmes.....Conan Doyle  
Beyond the Dreams of Avarice.....Besant  
For sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

Mrs. Dr. L. Runyon, chiropodist, manicuring, and removing superfluous hair, facial blemishes; all kind cosmetics for sale, face bleaching and face steaming. Five Sisters block, rooms 33 and 35; office hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's. \*

Sons of Erin. S. Reid has just received a pretty line of ties in assorted shades of green, just the thing for the Sons of Erin.

If you want bargains in furniture, carpets, linoleums, curtains, crockery, glassware lamps, etc., go to the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Furniture Company, you will find their prices the lowest in the province for cash.



CECIL RHODES.

Pen Picture of the Colonial Statesman Who Sways the Destinies of a Continent.

An Ambition to Form an Empire to be "The United States of South Africa."

It is one of life's smallest ironies that a London club should blackball the most powerful Englishman alive. The club regrets its error already, but one day, when Cecil Rhodes' place in the history of the British empire shall have been fixed by his biographers, there will be still deeper shame to the Travellers, who refused to let him be one of them. It is not too much to say that this plain son of the shires is wielding a greater influence than any other man of his nation toward the shaping of its destinies. Some one has said of him: "He has the face of a Caesar, the ambition of a Loyola and the wealth of a Croesus."

That is inadequate. Cecil Rhodes is a conqueror of a vast wilderness, a leader of men, and limitless in his energies and aspirations. He has made all South Africa his field of operations, and his dream of empire, if it shall be realized, will make the most significant chapter in the story of the nineteenth century. The cartoonists have had their way with him, and have pictured him as the "Colossus of Rhodes," and a distinguished novelist has made a subtle delineation of his character. Anthony Hope's "The God in the Car" is an unmistakable pen picture of the uncrowned ruler of South Africa—not a pretty picture, it is true, but a strong one, and boldly drawn.

This man's rise to power and enormous wealth—for Cecil Rhodes is reported to be worth a cool \$80,000,000—seems like a romance. It began when he went in 1869 from a little English midland town to his brother's farm in Natal. He was the fourth son of a poor vicar and was so delicate a lad that the village doctor thought his lungs could not long resist the dampness of England's climate. First of all he found the health he sought and sprang up to be the giant he is. And so from the first Africa did well by him—first health, soon wealth and then, more slowly, but as surely, such power and such possibilities of dominion over men and broad lands as have been given to but a few of the world's chosen ones.

When the rush to the diamond country began, Herbert and Cecil Rhodes joined it, taking with them all the Kaffirs on their farm, and securing a mining claim for every one of them. Without making any remarkable strike, their venture was successful. As soon as he could find time, Cecil Rhodes went back to England and matriculated at Oriel College, Oxford; but the climate still proved dangerous to him and he returned to Kimberley and his diamond claims. There he gradually worked his way to moderate wealth, and some fourteen years ago became president of the De Beers Company, which owned the most profitable mine in South Africa.

He did not stop at this. He aimed at controlling the entire output of the glittering gems which rival companies were then pouring into the market in reckless and ruinous competition. It took Mr. Rhodes nine years to accomplish his purpose and to organize one of the greatest of existing trusts. In 1888 his company had swallowed all the others and became the De Beers Consolidated Mines, with a capital of nearly \$20,000,000 and a yearly production of diamonds worth about \$15,000,000—practically the world's entire supply.

By this time Mr. Rhodes had gained wealth, vast wealth; but wealth was not the aim of his life. "To him," one of his biographers has said, "money is but the means to an end. He would no more dream of hoarding it for its own sake than a party leader would hoard the voices of his followers." It was before this that he had stretched his hand covetously out over the map of Africa. Meanwhile he had made another flying visit to England to take his degree at Oxford, and had entered colonial politics.

He was first elected to the Cape House of Assembly in 1883, and soon afterward he took office as treasurer-general. General Gordon, who had been associated with Rhodes in a mission to Basutoland, offered to take him on his perilous mission to Khartoum, but the suggestion was declined.

Four years ago Rhodes became Prime Minister of the colony, and then all his wealth and influence were bent to the prosecution of his scheme of territorial expansion. Subsequent events—the dickerings with Portugal and Germany, the occupation of the vast territories whence Solomon drew his "gold of Ophir," and most recently the war of conquest waged against the Matabeles—all these have been moves in Mr. Rhodes' game, in which his instrument has been the British South Africa Company, and his goal—who shall say?

There is a story—perhaps it belongs to the embroidery of history—of a dispute between the ill-fated "Chinese" Gordon and Rhodes. In the course of it Gordon remarked:

"You are one of those men who never approve of anything you don't organize yourself."

Rhodes reflected for an instant. "I'm inclined to think you're right," he said.

Diamonds were not enough for the Colossus of South Africa. For his greater glory and to swell his burning coffers, the ancient Ophir of Solomon, the treasury of the Phoenicians, had to yield its yellow guerdon. The exploitation of the Wilwaters road had been merely another incident in the career of Cecil Rhodes. And here comes a Californian connection. The magnate of South Africa looked about him for men to help in the development of the mines in his principality, and fell naturally upon the Californians who were searching out the golden mysteries of their own great state, and drew them to him. John Hays Hammond, the leader of Western mining experts, was called to the service of the South African ruler, first as a paid servant and finally as a permanent ally and coadjutor, for it was not long ago that Mr. Hammond wrote to his California friends that he could not say when he would return to the United States.

The step which advanced Rhodes the greatest distance toward the controlling of South Africa was the granting of a royal charter to the British South Africa Company.

Before he obtained this charter he sent trusted emissaries to King Lo Bengula, who ruled not only over Matabeleland but also lorded it over Mashonaland. He secured from Lo Bengula valuable mining concessions. He planned three railroads that were to connect Cape Colony on the south and the Indian ocean on the east with Mashonaland and two of these railroads are now building. He outlined a gigantic scheme for the formation of a company having for its object the development of the Bechuanaland protectorate and the countries

\$2

PER ANNUM

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

\$2

PER ANNUM

The Weekly Colonist

ESTABLISHED 1858.

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Published in British Columbia.

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The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd.,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

lying to the north. The objects of this country were to be:

First—To extend northward the railroad and telegraph systems toward the Zambesi.

Second—Encourage emigration and colonization.

Third—To promote trade and commerce. Fourth—To develop and work mineral and other concessions under the management of one powerful organization, thereby obviating conflicts and complications between the various interests that have been acquired within these regions, and securing to the native chiefs and their subjects the rights reserved to them under the several concessions.

This scheme Cecil Rhodes carried into effect. To do this he had to secure the approval and indorsement of England's greatest men. It was then that he presented to Mr. Parnell's parliamentary fund the sum of £10,000, though his friends have always denied that he did this to get the radical support. The Imperial British South Africa Company was organized in 1889, with the Duke of Abercorn as president, the Duke of Fife as vice-president and Cecil John Rhodes as managing director.

Under the supervision of Mr. Rhodes a police force was organized, the company's working policy was outlined and the memorable march through Mashonaland began. The Union Jack was planted at Fort Salisbury, claims were laid out, and soon the Mashona natives could hear the puffing of engines and the noise of busy miners.

Before he was thirty years old Mr. Rhodes had been elected to the Cape House of Assembly from Barclay. General Gordon, who was on a special mission with him in Basutoland, asked him afterward to accompany him on his mission to Khartoum as his private secretary. Mr. Rhodes, however, had just accepted the office of treasurer-general of the Cape and was compelled to decline General Gordon's offer.

There are those who say that the Matabele war was simply the result of Lo Bengula's efforts to prevent the Colossus from bestriding the narrow world into which he had come as a maker of agreements and treaties, that the fat African King resented an overstepping of contract limits, and was punished for his simplicity and temerity in the orthodox British fashion. But the story of that war remains to be written.

Cecil Rhodes has not yet come to the realization of his dream—the formation of the United States of South Africa. If that is on the cards then he will not be a plebeian Englishman risen to great wealth, to the presidency of a company rich in gold, diamonds and lands, the agent of Windsor's widowed Queen for the government of a British colony, but Cecil Rhodes, President of the South African Republic, the ruler over one of the richest countries on the face of the earth, rich as never Rothschild or Vanderbilt dreamed of being, powerful with the powers of a Caesar, the founder, not the premier of a great and wealthy nation.

One chapter of the story of Cecil Rhodes, and not the least in human interest, has been hinted at. Anthony Hope's "Juggernaut" novel touches it more boldly than any newspaper or magazine writer has dared to do. He is a confirmed misogynist, this autocrat of an empire. It is related that, as soon as one of his trusted agents marries he is discharged summarily. The Colossus must have had a romance to be so ardent and consistent a hater of womankind. Perhaps Anthony Hope meant some one else when he wrote in the story of Willie Ruston, the lord of Omotaga, a foolish woman's love and then sent him back loveless to his empire. Perhaps not. At any rate, there are many in England who believe that the novel is only an adaptation, and that Willie Ruston is only Cecil Rhodes in a thin and flimsy disguise.

Cecil Rhodes is just turned 42. In physique he is all that nature wishes her favorites to be; in education he has more than most men. His bulk matches his stature. His blue eyes are small but keen to a degree and widely set, as the eyes of a ruler of men should be. His voice is full, resonant and magnetic, but he is no orator. Always cool, ever calculating and self-possessed, he is the ideal of a dictator; daring, without scruples of conscience, devoid of sentiment and, above all qualities, a keeper of his own counsel.

A newspaper writer not long ago gave him this summing up:

"Rhodes has the ambition of an Alexander, the diplomacy of a Metetrloch, the determination of a Grant, the luck of a Rosebery. Will he succeed? Will he fail? Only time can answer the question."

EXAMINERS AND SHIPS

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



On and after March 22nd, 1895,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.  
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.  
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.  
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 26  
Takes effect March 1, 1895.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.  
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 12.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 2.30 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 12.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock.

When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points, and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING, Manager  
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent,  
Victoria, Jan. 1st, 1895.



## CHILDREN'S ATTIRE.

WHAT THE LADS AND LASSES ARE WEARING.

From Three Years to Ten Picturesque Effects Are Sought—From Ten to Sixteen Simplicity Is the Rule—Hints For Older Girls—Boys' Suits.

It is a comparatively easy matter to dress babies and children from 3 to 10 years old, after which last named age the trouble begins. Infants' long robes are understood by even inexperienced young mothers, and the convenient guimpe waists and empire frocks make things comparatively easy, so far as the costuming of little girls is concerned, until the tenth birthday is past. Then the awkward period is at hand. Wise mothers understand that this undeveloped period is best met with simple costumes. Elaborate dresses only serve to accentuate the imperfections of the overall and angular figures of misses of 10 to 14 years of age.

Some of these older girls are beginning to wear the tailor frocks made with skirt and coat, but this style is not becoming to many, as the figures are too undeveloped and awkward. As a rule, dresses made with plain full skirts and waists will be found more becoming.



A PRETTY DRESS FOR YOUNG GIRL.

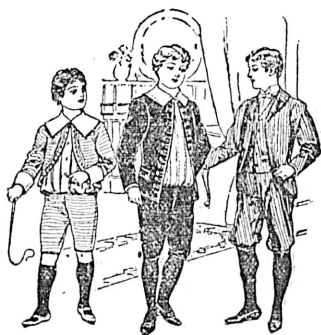
Serviceable for school wear are the chevrons, mixed tweeds and serges, while for more dressy occasions there are the crepons, challises and india silks. For school wear the sailor dress is much worn by girls. It is made with full skirt, generally plaited. The blouse is in every respect exactly like a boy's, but the vest piece has generally a band around the neck, which makes it vastly more becoming.

The simple dresses may be rendered quite smart by the addition of broad lace shoulder capes and satin ribbon. When a tailor gown is preferred for girls of 14 to 16, an appropriate pattern is what is known as an English jacket. This is, in point of fact, a three box plaited affair, the plaits running lengthwise and the jacket belted.

Cloaks for children under 12 are either long enough to cover the dress or very short in the reefer style. The long coats are cut half fitting, with a flaring skirt, or with a full skirt fastened to a waist and worn with one, two or three capes. Rough and smooth cloths are both used. The cloth coats are often guilless of any trimming and depend entirely on the beauty of material and faultless cut for the look of style. The rough cheviot coats, like peajackets, are smart little affairs worn with school dresses, and like the boys' short coats, are particularly good for play and to wear when walking, as the long coats are somewhat heavy.

Boots without heels are worn by little girls, the spring heel until they grow older. Kid boots, with patent leather trimmings, and cloth and kid, with patent leather tips for dress wear, are the proper footwear. Slippers and short socks are only worn by very small girls, to whom also are relegated colored shoes to match the colored sashes.

The little Lord Fauntleroy style predominates in suits for the small boy on dressy occasions. A very attractive ob-



SUITS FOR BOYS.

ject is the little man when clad in a jaunty suit of velvet worn over a silk shirt with turndown collar. Sometimes these shirts are white, but colored ones are also worn with these suits. This Fauntleroy style is also carried out in less expensive material, as corduroy or velvet. Cavalier suits, in corduroy, with silk plaited skirts; highland dresses, with their accompanying ornaments, and the more practical sailor clothes rival each other in popularity.

A dress suit for a boy of 7 to 10 years is made in black twill, with a vest and round coat, which has a silk faced collar. The knee trousers are met with cashmere hose. A white linen shirt and white necktie are worn with this suit. Other suits are of blue or dark green cloth, handsomely braided with black.

A pretty suit for a boy who is about to wear his first pair of trousers is the three piece suit. The jacket and trousers are of cloth and the blouse of flannel or silk or linen as seems most desirable. The jacket to this suit is sometimes outlined with braid.

## NEW IDEAS IN FANCY WORK.

Molded Crochet a Success—Reed and Bead Work Popular—Novel Paper Holder.

Great strides have been made in fancy work during the last few years. Crochet has been revised, but in improved form. Molded crochet has had an immense success, which is well deserved, for the work is easy, fascinating and highly satisfactory in effect. The uses to which it can be put are practically endless. Sometimes mats, valances, brackets, borders, curtains and the like are made simply of the molds covered with stitches in crochet and sewed together with tinsel, while sometimes the shapes, variously covered, are merely used as a trimming to articles made of plush, velveteen or felt.

Reed and bead work is also popular. This is an imitation of the Japanese reed curtains with hanging waste paper holder, which we are all now familiar. For blinds and similar uses a heading is made in macramé twine, and from this depend many long ends of the same twine, on which the reeds and beads are threaded in various simple or elaborate designs. This also is easy work, but its after uses are somewhat limited.

But we do not wish here to merely enumerate the different kinds of work, but in addition to mention one of several fancy articles illustrated and described especially for Good Housekeeping. This article is doubly attractive because useful. It is a waste paper holder, a hanging one and made on a new principle. The foundation is a square of stout card measuring about 18 inches, lined with sateen, covered with a bright cretonne and joined into a ring. Further, a circle of the same card, similarly lined and covered, is needed to serve as the bottom of the case and of equal diameter—that is, six inches. This circle is to be joined into the cretonne ring with a tape hinge about an inch long. On the opposite side to the hinge is one string of gay ribbon on the bottom of the holder, and another, about half an inch above it, on the cylinder. These, when tied, keep the bottom and the contents in the holder. When untied, the waste paper falls out, and the holder is emptied without being moved from its place. A fine cord, of colors to accord with those of the cretonne and sateen, is carried around to conceal the seams, and a loop at the top serves as a means of suspension.

### Styles In Evening Gowns.

Evening gowns are of every description. These may be elaborate and expensive, with very low cut bodice and only an apology for sleeves, or simple and inexpensive, with neck and arms in part or wholly covered. Light silk and wool crepons are pretty for the last named, but there is quite a fad now for satin gowns, which can be made effective without much trimming.

For very young ladies translucent materials made up over silk are popular. A gown remarked for its simple elegance is of white gauze, overlaid with stripes of light green. The bodice is cut to display the neck, front and back, but the shoulders are covered, and gauze sleeves of peculiar construction in part expose, in part conceal, the arms. Sashes are very popular, again, particularly when they are of the new chine ribbons. The inside ruffle or balayouse has given place on many of the new evening gowns to a box plaiting of wide satin ribbon, which imparts additional stiffness to the bottom of the skirt.

### The Size of the Room.

White is not good on a wall. It is too cold and cheerless, although it has the advantage of increasing the apparent size of a room. The same magnifying influence can be had with any bright tint of yellow, terra cotta or ivory. The size of a room must determine the style and arrangement of the furniture. It is very essential that there be more space than furniture, and the bigger the piece of furniture the more room it requires to show itself. While there should be a scheme of arrangement, it must not be apparent. Don't cross every corner, nor have a sofa sandwiched between chairs. Making a table a pivotal point from which the rest of the furniture radiates is very bad. So is the center chandelier. Apparent regularity is always to be avoided, according to Decorator and Furnisher.

### Household Brevities.

Always stir cake one way, and don't forget to try the heat of the oven with a piece of paper before placing the cake therein.

The ideal temperature in a living room for healthy adults is 65 degrees. For small children it should be at least five degrees warmer.

The lighter the color on the walls of the room the less artificial light will be required.

A few drops of ammonia in the water in which silver is washed will keep it bright a long time without cleaning.

Portieres are now suspended from the hanging crane of carved wood and can close a doorway, shut off a cozy corner or at pleasure fold back, making a wall hanging without taking up any space.

After washing never wring worsted dress goods. Shake them.

When the burners of lamps become clogged with char, put them in strong soap suds and boil awhile to clean them.

## BOARD OF HORTICULTURE.

An Address Expressive of the Importance of Its Present Work.

(From the Comox Weekly News.)

Notwithstanding the different notices of time and place for the meeting of the Board of Horticulture at Agricultural Hall, Courtenay, on the evening of the 7th March. Mr. A. Urquhart was elected chairman and Mr. J. A. Halliday secretary.

Mr. J. R. Anderson, statistician of the department of agriculture and member at large of the society, first addressed the meeting as follows:

"Meetings, such as this," he said, "are being called by the Board with the object of imparting information and instruction by lectures, informal talks and papers, and when possible by practical illustration, on the culture and care of fruit trees and the checking of all those causes which lead to such great loss to the growers; of answering all questions to the best of their ability on all matters appertaining to horticulture, and of meeting the people and getting a more intimate acquaintance with them; and by explaining the objects for which the board has been formed and the ends it has in view, it is hoped to win the confidence of the public and make it what is the aspiration of every member of it, not only a means of protecting the growing fruit industry from the invasion of infection from abroad, but one to which our people may always feel that they can appeal for advice and assistance when they need it; and I trust that every one of you will always avail yourselves of the services which I take this opportunity of most cordially offering.

"While the board on its part is anxious and willing to do all in its power to promote your interests in the manner indicated, much lies with you in seconding its efforts, not the least amongst which is when meetings are announced to show by your attendance that you appreciate the efforts made in your behalf, and are ready to avail yourselves of them. I am led to make these remarks from the fact that it is very often the case when an invitation is given to the farming population to meet for the discussion of subjects of most material interest, the attendance is so small that it is most disheartening to the promoters. In the matter also of statistical information which is for reports on the state of the agricultural and horticultural interests of the country and on which to base legislative measures in the interest of the farmer or rancher, I regret to say a most unsatisfactory state of indifference prevails. This should not be. There is a well known saying that 'God helps those who help themselves'; and I tell you, gentlemen, that you cannot afford to be indifferent. In these days the tilling of the soil and the production of fruits and crops are every day getting to be conducted on more scientific principles, and those who neglect the opportunities of acquiring knowledge and instruction on matters of this description are neglecting their most vital interests. The day has gone by when education was not considered necessary for the farmer. Modern science proved by practical lessons, shows us that in order to be a successful tiller of the soil one should be possessed of knowledge of the principles of drainage, of fertilizers, of the constituent parts of the soil, of intelligent and rational ways of planting and care of crops and fruit trees, of a knowledge of the diseases and insect foes which assail his efforts on every side, and of those insects which are the friends of man and without which we should be so overrun with noxious insects that all our efforts would be rendered abortive.

"There are here some copies of the report of the department of agriculture, of the fruit growers association and of the acts, rules and regulations of the board of horticulture, for those desiring copies. I may mention that some amendments to the rules and regulations passed at a meeting of the board just held have not been published, but copies will be sent to you in a few days. Among them is one creating quarantine stations where fruit and fruit trees entering the province must be inspected before distribution. One of these stations is Union and one of our objects is to secure the services of some competent person whose duty it will be to see that no infection reaches your orchards from the sources named.

"I am pleased to be once more in this beautiful district of yours, a district which I have always remembered with pleasure and one which in all my travels through the province I have seen none to surpass; and I trust ere long that all our hopes will be realized in seeing a railroad connecting it with the rest of the world, when I venture to predict Comox will be one of the leading districts of British Columbia. I thank you, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, for your kind attention."

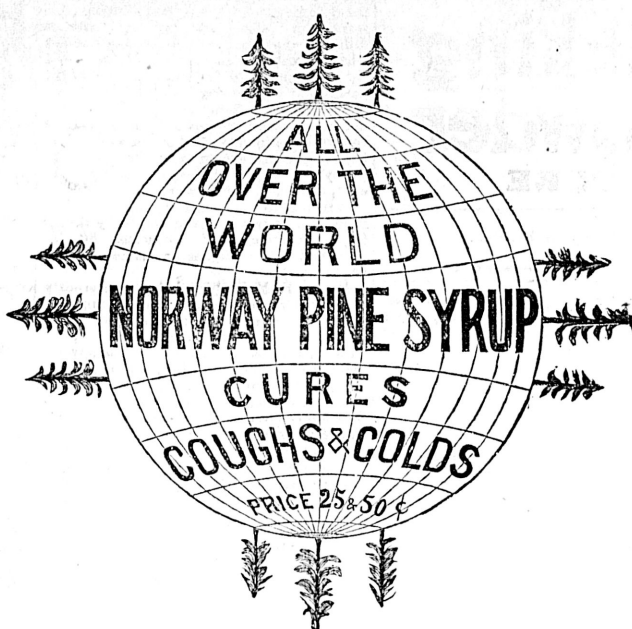
Mr. Ohlson gave an excellent address on the preparing of the land for fruit trees, dwelling very strongly on deep, thorough draining. He explained the manner of planting, trimming, grafting and care of trees. He stated that the difference in temperature of drained and undrained land was 40 degrees, 12 inches below the surface in June, and showed many common errors in planting trees. Many questions were asked and answered most satisfactorily. In every way his address was most instructive, and much good must result from it.

### STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 19.—The activity at the stock exchange continues, the sales today footing up 250,752 shares. The business was again well distributed, and it was noticeable that the reactions brought in fresh buying orders. A noteworthy feature was the inquiry from outside sources. Net changes show gains of  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent.

| Closing bids.                             |                 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Atchafalpa & Santa Fe                     | 72 1/2          |
| Burlington & Quincy                       | 72 1/2          |
| Canada Southern                           | 43 1/2          |
| Canadian Pacific                          | 18 1/2          |
| Central Pacific                           | 17 1/2          |
| Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis | 35 1/2          |
| Delaware, Lackawanna & Western            | 160 1/2         |
| Erie                                      | 9               |
| Wells Fargo Express                       | 103             |
| Great Northern preferred                  | 102             |
| Lake Shore                                | 138 1/2         |
| Louisville & Nashville                    | 50 1/2          |
| New York Central                          | 95 1/2          |
| New York & New England                    | 34 1/2          |
| North American Co.                        | 10 1/2          |
| Northern Pacific                          | 31              |
| Northern Pacific (preferred)              | 15 1/2          |
| North Western                             | 91 1/2          |
| Oregon Navigation                         | 10 1/2          |
| Oregon Improvement                        | 10 1/2          |
| Pacific Mail                              | 22              |
| Reading                                   | 98              |
| St. Paul                                  | 61 1/2          |
| Texas Pacific                             | 91              |
| Union Pacific                             | 91              |
| Western Union                             | 88 1/2          |
| Bar silver, per ounce                     | 63 1/2 @ 63 1/4 |

Carpenters' tools at Cheapside.



## - THE 20th PART -

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or Two DOLLARS for the

## 300 GREATEST PICTURES IN THE WORLD

should induce every head of a household to provide his people with this highly educational, artistic and satisfactory work.

## FOR A FEW DAYS

we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and receive the whole set at once, complete.

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## VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK,  
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Strath.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.  
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc.  
Re-opens Monday, January 7th, 1895.  
PRINCIPAL J. W. GURDON M.A.

PRIVATE Instruction in Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics and other subjects, at 22 Vernon block, Douglas street. James Kaye. mr2-1m

## CITY IRON WORKS.

WILLIAM GODFREY,

Steam Boiler Maker, Marine and Stationery; House, Ship and Engine Smith; Retorts and Coolers; Cannery Work a specialty.  
205 Government St., - Victoria, B.C.  
fe3-3m

## NICKEL ALARM CLOCKS, 90c.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,  
684 YATES STREET,  
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.  
New Main Spring, 75c.  
Balance and Pallet Staffs, \$1.25.  
And guarantees all work for 12 months.  
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap1

## Corporation of Victoria.

From and after this date the undersigned will not accept any orders for monies due by the employees of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

CHAS. KENT,

March 5th, 1895. mr6-1m

Estate of Peter Bourgeault, Deceased, of Chilco Ranch, Chilcotin, Cariboo District.

Notice is hereby given that the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, has granted probate of the will of the deceased (deceased 25th August, 1894) to Reverend Joseph Nicolay and William Adams, the executors therein named.

All persons indebted to or having claims against the Estate are to make payment or application for payment, as the case may be, to the Executors, at the office of the undersigned, S. PERRY MILLS.

46 Langley St., Victoria, Solicitor for Executors.

fe21-1m-d&w

Estate of Thomas Watson Carier, deceased.

NOTICE—All persons indebted to or having claims against this estate are required on or before the 1st day of April, 1895, to make payments or applications for payment to the Administratrix at the office of the undersigned. After the said date the assets of the said estate will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the Administratrix has had notice.

Victoria, B.C., 25th day of February, 1895.  
McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,  
Board of Trade Building, Victoria, Solicitors for Matilda Rebecca Carier, the Administratrix.  
fe28-1m

## GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,  
Accountant & Agent,  
48 LANGLEY ST.

### TRANSPORTATION.

## General Steamship Agency.

### THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European ports.

#### FROM HALIFAX.

|               |            |        |
|---------------|------------|--------|
| Allan Line    | Mongolian  | Mar 30 |
| "             | Laurentian | Apr 13 |
| "             | Namidian   | Apr 27 |
| Dominion Line | Labrador   | Apr 6  |
| "             | Vancouver  | Apr 20 |
| "             | Oregon     | May 4  |

#### FROM NEW YORK.

|                  |            |        |
|------------------|------------|--------|
| Cunard Line      | Etruria    | Mar 30 |
| "                | Aurania    | Apr 6  |
| "                | Umbria     | Apr 13 |
| American Line    | Berlin     | Apr 10 |
| "                | Paris      | Apr 10 |
| "                | New York   | Apr 17 |
| White Star Line  | Adriatic   | Apr 3  |
| "                | Turania    | Apr 10 |
| "                | Britannia  | Apr 17 |
| North Ger. Lloyd | Savile     | Apr 2  |
| "                | Emis       | Apr 6  |
| Anchor Line      | Havell     | Apr 9  |
| "                | Purussia   | Apr 16 |
| "                | Anchuria   | Apr 23 |
| "                | Ethiopia   | Apr 27 |
| Rod Star Line    | Noordland  | Apr 3  |
| "                | Wesland    | Apr 10 |
| "                | Friesland  | Apr 17 |
| Allan State Line | California | May 11 |
| "                | Nebraska   | May 25 |
| "                | California | June 8 |

#### FROM VICTORIA.

|                |                  |        |
|----------------|------------------|--------|
| C.P. SS. Line  | Empress of India | Apr 1  |
| "              | Empress of Japan | Apr 22 |
| "              | Empress of China | May 13 |
| Can. Aus. Line | R.M.S. Warrimoo  | Apr 16 |
| "              | R.M.S. Miowara   | May 16 |

For rates and full information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,  
Agent, Victoria, B.C.  
GEO. McL. BROWN,  
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

## ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP AGENCY

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And all other first-class Atlantic Steamship Lines. Through Tickets to and from all European Ports at low rates. Berths reserved in advance by telegraph. Orders for passages from Europe at special rates. For dates of sailing and rates apply to

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

AGENTS. mr13

## Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND BLOOM POINTS.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv. SPOKANE. -Ar. 5:30 p.m.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 6:40 p.m. making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 8:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave for Spokane and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. ja1

## Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.



### GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are heated with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

O. EDDY, General Agent,

J. W. CASBY, Trav. Pass. Agent, Olympic Block, Seattle.

## IMPORTANT SALE

### Electric Tramway.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of a certain indenture, dated 25th October, 1892, made between the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company and the Montreal Safe Deposit Company as Trustees, that the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company, Limited, and all the property of the said Tramway Company comprised in the said indenture, will be sold by Public Auction at T. J. Trapp's Auction Rooms, 713 Columbia street, in the City of New Westminster, British Columbia, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1895.

The Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company's lines of tramway extend through out the City of New Westminster, in the Province of British Columbia, and between that city and the City of Vancouver.

Conditions of sale and full particulars as to the property may be obtained at the office of the Montreal Safe Deposit Company, or from Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors, New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,  
Solicitor for the Montreal Safe Deposit Company.

Dated New Westminster, B.C.,  
24th December, 1894. ja1



